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COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR SOLVING MATHEMATICAL  
PROGRAMS WITH NONLINEAR PROGRAMS IN THE  
CONSTRAINTS

Jerome Bracken  
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March 1972



INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES  
PROGRAM ANALYSIS DIVISION

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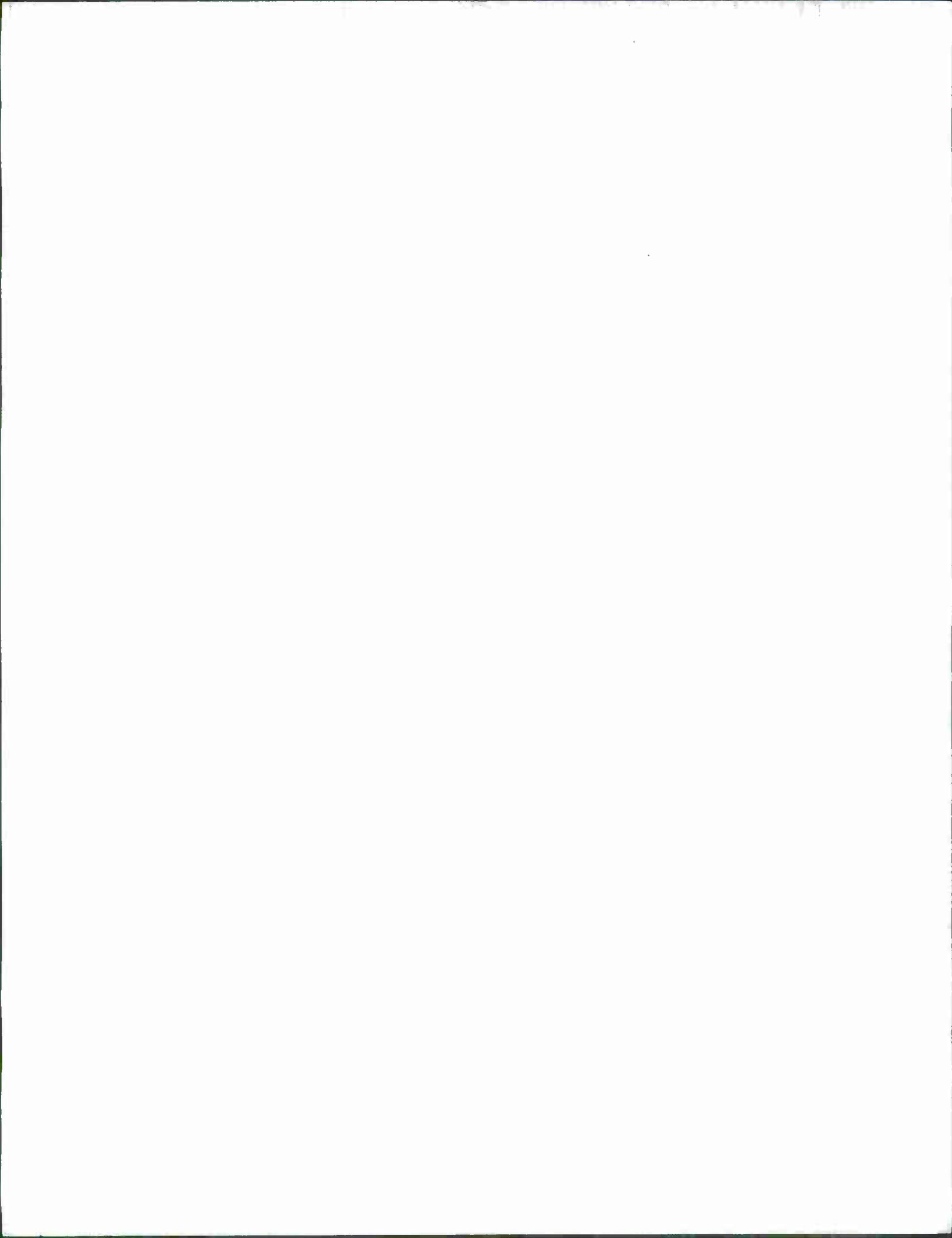
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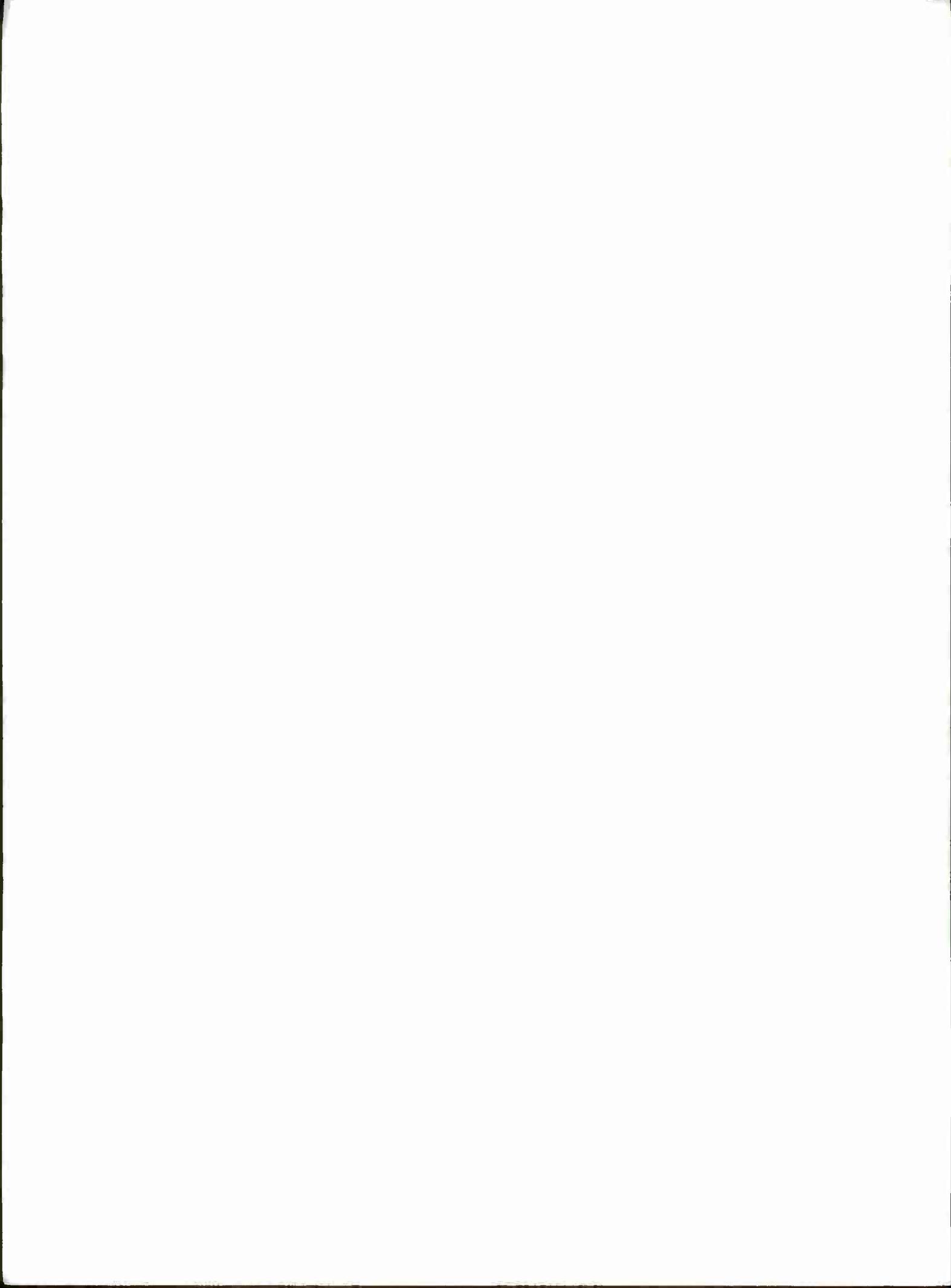
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## ABSTRACT

This paper documents a computer program to be used in solving nonlinear programming problems with nonlinear programming problems in the constraints. The program, named INSUMT, is used with the standard program, named SUMT, which implements the sequential unconstrained minimization technique for nonlinear programming. SUMT calls INSUMT when it is necessary to solve a nonlinear program in a constraint. The INSUMT program, together with a fairly complete example of its use, is included in the documentation.

Theory and applications of the models which can be solved using this program are treated in two companion papers.



## CONTENTS

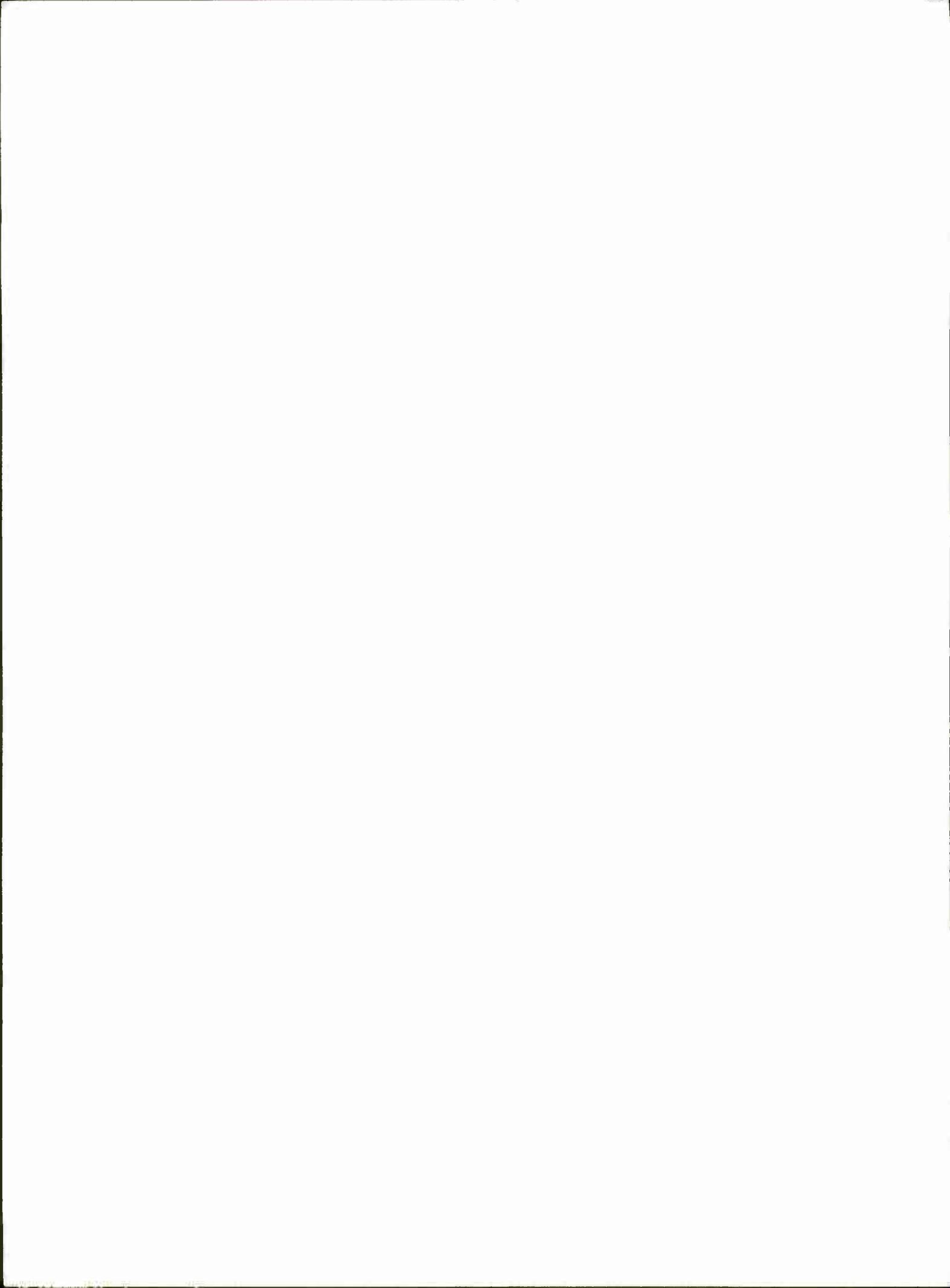
	Page
INTRODUCTION . . . . .	1
PROBLEM DESCRIPTION AND SUMMARY OF COMPUTATIONAL PROCEDURE . .	3
DESCRIPTION OF COMPUTER PROGRAM . . . . .	7
EXAMPLE PROBLEM . . . . .	11
COMPUTER PROGRAM INCLUDING USER-SUPPLIED SUBROUTINES FOR EXAMPLE PROBLEM . . . . .	13
User-Supplied Subroutines for Outside Program . . . . .	15
INSUMT . . . . .	21
User-Supplied Subroutines for Inside Programs . . . . .	63
USER-SUPPLIED INFORMATION CARDS AND RESULTS PRINTING OUT ALL POINTS OF INSIDE PROGRAMS . . . . .	69
User-Supplied Information Cards . . . . .	71
Printout of Results . . . . .	73
RESULTS PRINTING OUT ALL POINTS OF OUTSIDE PROGRAM . . . . .	91
Printout of Results . . . . .	93
REFERENCES . . . . .	101

## INTRODUCTION

Reference [2] formulates a class of mathematical programs with optimization problems in the constraints. Reference [3] gives models of a number of defense problems which can be approached using the techniques. The present paper documents a computer program for solving mathematical programs with nonlinear programming problems in the constraints.

Fiacco and McCormick in Reference [4] present theory and computational aspects of the sequential unconstrained minimization technique (SUMT) for nonlinear programming. Applications of nonlinear programming to a number of practical problems are presented in Reference [1]. The initial computer program for SUMT is documented in Reference [5]. The most recent computer program for SUMT is documented in Reference [6]. It handles equality constraints, and includes routines for computation of first and second partial derivatives using function values. Various unconstrained minimization methods are available in the SUMT program, requiring function values and first partial derivatives or requiring function values and first and second partial derivatives. Numerical differentiation routines facilitate the use of various unconstrained minimization methods. These are necessary in solving mathematical programs with nonlinear programs in the constraints, since the partial derivatives of the constraints cannot be stated explicitly.

The present paper is designed to be a supplement to Reference [6] and to be used with it.



## PROBLEM DESCRIPTION AND SUMMARY OF COMPUTATIONAL PROCEDURE

One of the mathematical programs considered in Reference [2] is to choose vectors  $x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$  and  $v^i = (v_1^i, \dots, v_{k_i}^i)$  for  $i = 1, \dots, m$  to

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{minimize } f(x) \\ & x \in X \end{aligned}$$

subject to

$$h_i(x) = \min_{v^i \in V^i} g^i(x, v^i) \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m.$$

It is shown there that if  $g^i(x, v^i)$  is concave in  $x$  on a convex set  $X$  for every  $v^i \in V^i$ , then  $h_i(x)$  is concave on  $X$  where the convex set  $X$  may be defined by inequality and/or equality constraints. If, in addition,  $f(x)$  is a convex function on  $X$ , then the mathematical program is convex.

To outline the computational technique, it is useful to differentiate between the "outside program,"

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{x \in X} f(x) \end{aligned}$$

subject to

$$h_i(x) \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m,$$

and the "ith inside program,"

$$\min_{v^i \in V^i} g^i(x, v^i).$$

When convenient the distinction among the  $m$  inside programs will be dropped, considering only the generic problem:

$$\min_{v \in V} g(x, v) .$$

The constraint functions  $h_i(x)$  in the outside problem are implicit in that their values depend upon the solution of the inside problem, which in turn depends upon the value of  $x$ . Thus, a solution technique for the overall problem must not rely on an explicit functional form for  $h_i(x)$ .

The computer program described in this paper, called INSUMT, is based on SUMT. The standard SUMT program is used for the outside problem. The new INSUMT program is used to solve the inside problem. SUMT and INSUMT are iterative routines. Let  $x^k$  denote the value of  $x$  for iteration  $k$  of the outside problem and  $v^\ell$  denote iteration  $\ell$  for the inside problem. The solution procedure is initialized by the user supplying  $x^0$  and  $v^0$ .

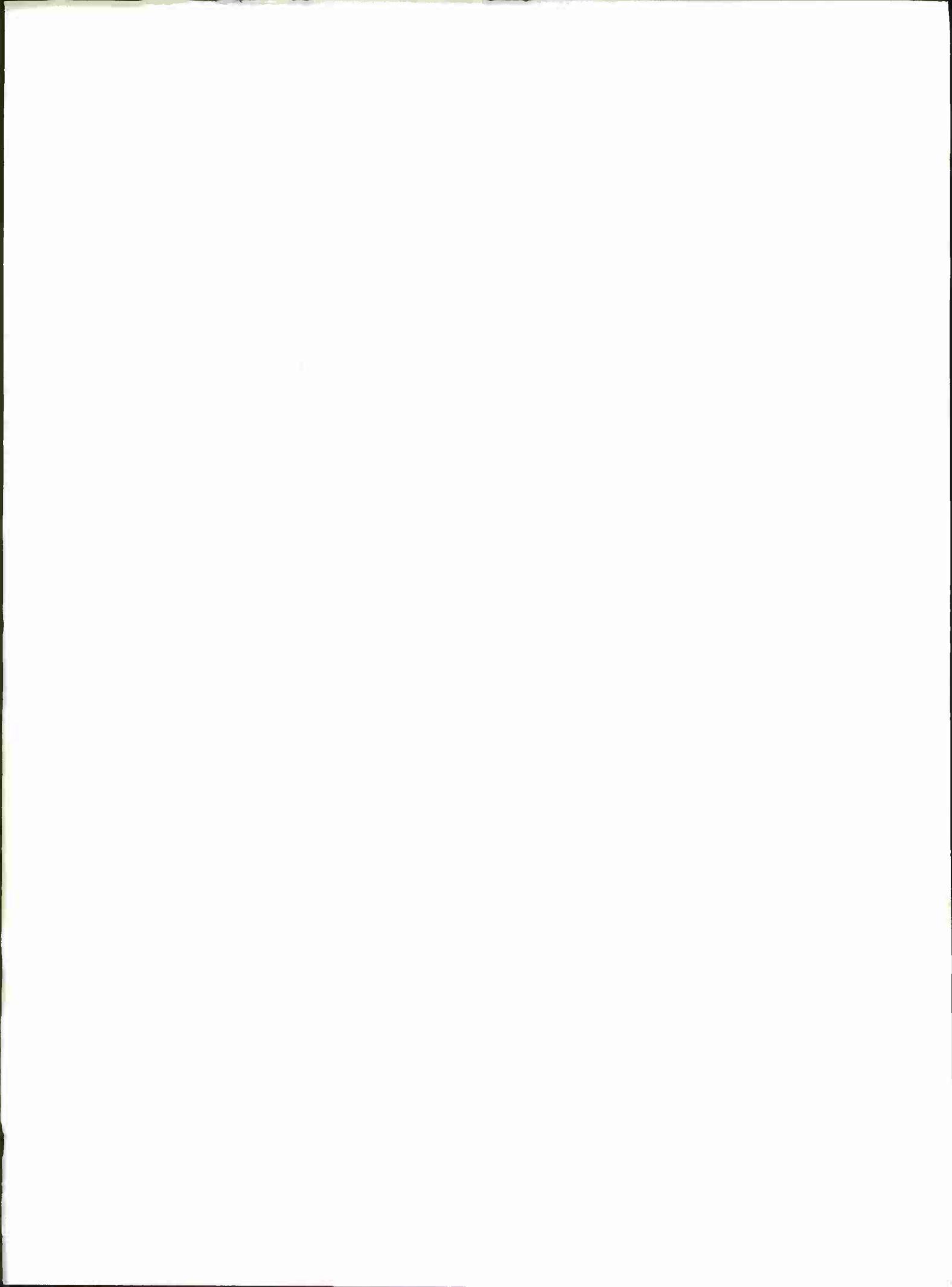
During iteration  $k$  for the outside problem, the inside problem is to choose  $v \in V$  to minimize  $g(x^k, v)$ . At iteration  $\ell$  of the inside problem, there is a value  $v^\ell$ . This value is then used by INSUMT to generate a new value  $v^{\ell+1}$ . Continuing in this manner, the inside problem is solved, yielding  $v^*(x^k)$  such that

$$g(x^k, v^*(x^k)) = \min_{v \in V} g(x^k, v) .$$

Control then passes to the outside problem which generates a new solution value  $x^{k+1}$ . The process is repeated until the sequence  $\{x^k\}$  converges.

The routine INSUMT resides in core with SUMT and may be called to evaluate more than one constraint of the outside problem. For each such constraint, user-supplied subroutines of INSUMT provide information concerning the functional form of  $g^i(x, v^i)$  and of the constraint set  $V^i$ . User-supplied subroutines for SUMT give analogous information for  $f(x)$  and  $x$ .

The SUMT and INSUMT programs iteratively generate values of the solution variable by optimizing an unconstrained penalty function. Specifically, iteration  $\ell + 1$  generates  $v^{\ell+1}$  from  $v^\ell$  and from the functional forms of the objective function of the inside program and the constraint set. The computation calls for the first, and sometimes second, partial derivatives of the relevant functions. These may be specified by the user. However, for the outside problem, explicit derivatives of  $h_i(x)$  cannot be given. SUMT uses numerical differentiation in this case to approximate the derivatives to be used in generating  $x^{k+1}$  from  $x^k$ .



## DESCRIPTION OF COMPUTER PROGRAM

The program is modular in structure. It consists basically of the SUMT program (subroutines MAIN through XMOVE), one set of user-supplied subroutines containing function evaluations for the outside mathematical program (READIN, RESTNT, GRAD1 and MATRIX), the INSUMT program (subroutines SUB through XMOVES), and one set of user-supplied subroutines containing function evaluations for the one or more inside mathematical programs (READIX, RESTNX, GRAD1S and MATRXX).

The workings of the SUMT subroutines MAIN through XMOVE are described in Reference [6]. The user-supplied subroutines for the outside program perform the following tasks when used with INSUMT.

READIN reads in the parameters used in evaluating the objective function and constraints.

RESTNT evaluates the objective function and constraints of the outside program for a value of  $x$ . Except where constraints contain inside mathematical programs, the functions are evaluated for the current value of  $x$ . Otherwise, RESTNT calls SUB, identifying the inside mathematical program to be solved for the current value of  $x$ , and SUB returns the value  $v^*(x)$ . RESTNT then evaluates  $h(x) = g(x, v^*(x))$ .

GRAD1 evaluates the first partial derivatives of the objective function and constraints in two ways. Where the constraints do not contain inside mathematical programs, for the current  $x$  the first partial derivatives are evaluated either explicitly or using numerical differentiation. Otherwise, GRAD1 uses DIFF1 to numerically differentiate the constraints which include inside mathematical programs.

MATRIX evaluates the second partial derivatives of the objective function and constraints of the outside mathematical program in two

ways. Where the constraints do not contain inside mathematical programs, for the current  $x$  the second partial derivatives are evaluated either explicitly or using numerical differentiation. Otherwise, MATRIX uses DIFF2 to numerically differentiate the constraints which include inside mathematical programs.

The INSUMT program consists of subroutines SUB through XMOVES. Three basic changes are made in SUMT to result in INSUMT.

First, all subroutine names are changed by simply adding an S to the end except where this results in more than six letters, in which case the last two letters are replaced by X (e.g., OPT becomes OPTS and RESTNT becomes RESTNX). All calls to subroutines within INSUMT are changed to include the revised names of the called subroutines. SUMT calls INSUMT only by RESTNT calling SUB. After SUB is called INSUMT calls only the subroutines within INSUMT until SUB returns to RESTNT.

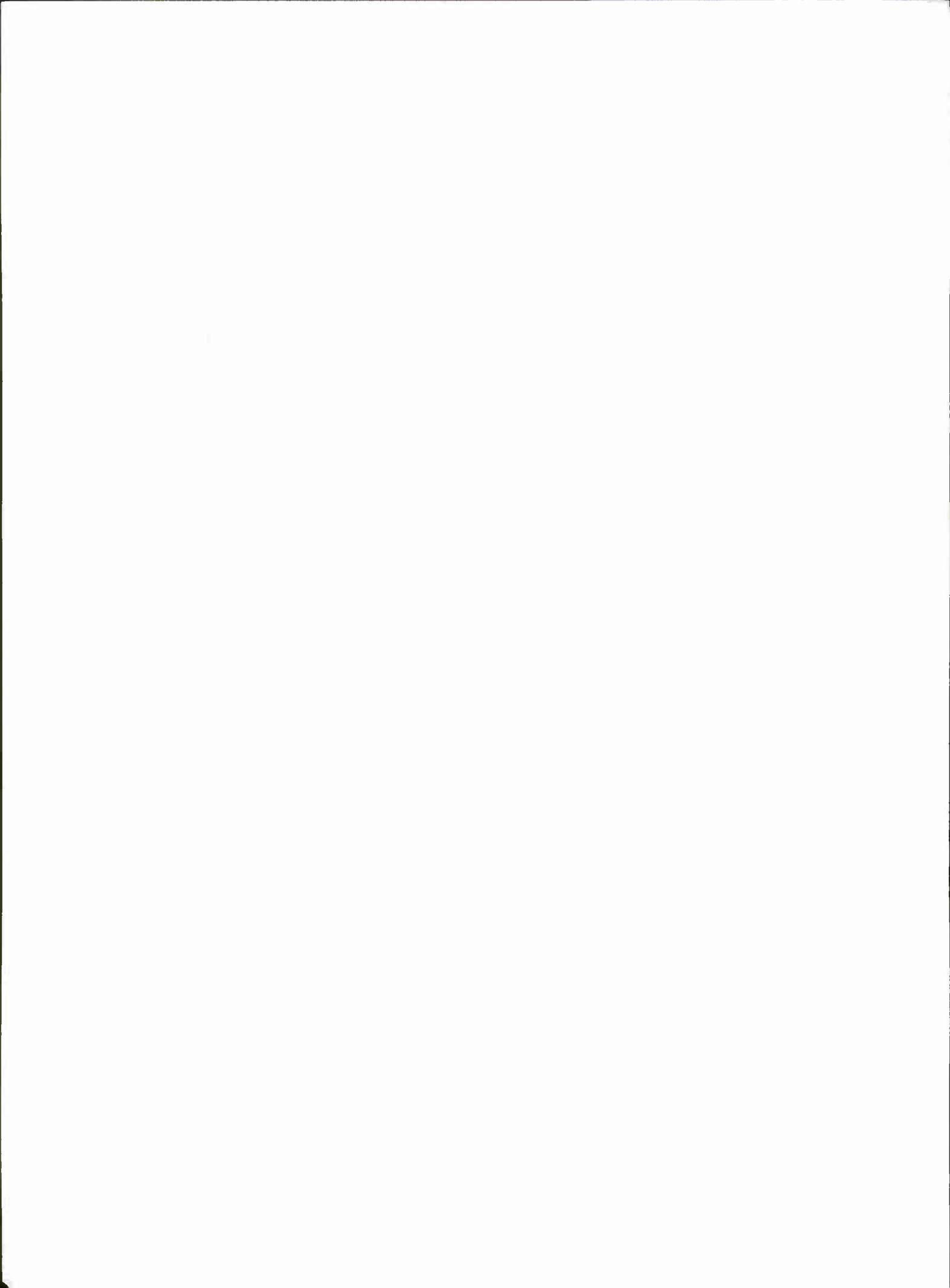
Second, all labeled COMMON arrays are changed by adding an S to the end, except where this results in more than six letters, in which case the last two letters are replaced by X (e.g., SHARE becomes SHARES and CONPAR becomes CONPAX).

Third, subroutine MAIN is modified to obtain subroutine SUB by changing the name from MAIN to SUB, and by modifying the subroutine to read in data for the inside mathematical programs the first time each problem is solved and to save the data in an array for subsequent solutions of the problems.

User-supplied subroutines READIX, RESTNX, GRAD1S and MATRXX are called by INSUMT. Depending on a parameter denoting the inside mathematical program being solved, the subroutines calculate appropriate function values, first partial derivatives, or second partial derivatives.

In the first several runs of a program, it is necessary to observe the intermediate points of the solution of the inside programs. RESTNT thus prints out which inside program is being solved, and INSUMT prints out the intermediate points. After it

is established that the inside programs are being successfully solved, printing of their points is suppressed by deleting the print statements from RESTNT and by modifying BODYS, CONVRX, ESTIMS, FEASS, INVERX, OPTS, OUTPUX, PUNCHS, TECHECX and TIMECS. The modifications are described later.



## EXAMPLE PROBLEM

An example problem is used to describe the use of INSUMT with SUMT.

The problem is to choose  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  to

$$\text{minimize } x_1 + \dots + x_n$$

subject to

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{minimum } x_1(v_1 - 2)^2 + \dots + x_n(v_n - 2)^2 \\ v_1 + \dots + v_n \leq n \end{array} \right] \geq r_1$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{minimum } x_1^{.5} (v_1 - 2)^2 + \dots + x_n^{.5} (v_n - 2)^2 \\ v_1^2 + \dots + v_n^2 \leq n \end{array} \right] \geq r_2 .$$

To illustrate the problem, take  $n = 4$ ,  $r_1 = 4$ ,  $r_2 = 4$  and let the starting point be  $x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = x_4 = 4$  for the outside program and  $v_1 = v_2 = v_3 = v_4 = .5$  for both inside programs. The value of the objective function of the outside program is

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 16 .$$

The objective function of the first inside program is

$$4(.5 - 2)^2 + 4(.5 - 2)^2 + 4(.5 - 2)^2 + 4(.5 - 2)^2 = 36 ,$$

and since  $.5 + .5 + .5 + .5 = 2 \leq 4$  the first inside program starting point is feasible. For the second inside program the objective

function is

$$2(.5 - 2)^2 + 2(.5 - 2)^2 + 2(.5 - 2)^2 + 2(.5 - 2)^2 = 18 ,$$

and since  $.5^2 + .5^2 + .5^2 + .5^2 = 1 \leq 4$  the second inside program starting point is feasible. Since  $36 > r_1 (= 4)$ ,  $18 > r_2 (= 4)$ , the three starting points, one outside and two inside, provide a feasible point for all three programs.

The solution to the example is  $x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = x_4 = 1$ , with  $v_1 = v_2 = v_3 = v_4 = 1$  in both inside programs, yielding

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 4$$

and

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} 1(1 - 2)^2 + 1(1 - 2)^2 + 1(1 - 2)^2 + 1(1 - 2)^2 = 4 \\ \text{s.t.} \\ (1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 4) \leq 4 \end{array} \right] \geq 4$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} 1^2(1 - 2)^2 + 1^2(1 - 2)^2 + 1^2(1 - 2)^2 + 1^2(1 - 2)^2 = 4 \\ \text{s.t.} \\ (1^2 + 1^2 + 1^2 + 1^2 = 4) \leq 4 \end{array} \right] \geq 4 .$$

## COMPUTER PROGRAM INCLUDING USER-SUPPLIED SUBROUTINES FOR EXAMPLE PROBLEM

In this section the user-supplied subroutines for the outside program are presented, followed by the INSUMT program, followed by the user-supplied subroutines for the inside programs. The SUMT program is not supplied, being documented in Reference [6].

RESTNT contains print statements for each call for solution and end of solution of an inside program. The INSUMT subroutines SUB, BODYS, CHCKEX, CONVRX, ESTIMS, FEASS, INVERX, OPTS, OUTPUX, PUNCHS, TCHECX and TIMECS contain print statements for the points of the inside programs. Thus the program as listed prints all intermediate points. However, the changes necessary to suppress printing are indicated in heavy markings directly on the listing. Simply remove the boxed statements, and replace them by the statements written, if any. Printing is done by SUB only the first time it is called, so SUB is not modified. Printing is done by CHCKEX only if control cards dictate, so it is not modified. All other print statements are removed to suppress printing of inside programs.

It should be noted that all data of the example problem are contained in the set of user-supplied subroutines for the outside program (READIN, RESTNT, GRAD1, and MATRIX) and the set of user-supplied subroutines for the inside programs (READIX, RESTNX, GRAD1S and MATRXX). For most problems READIN should be used to read data for outside and inside programs, since READIX is called each time an inside program is solved, and it should not be used.

Control cards are read in the following order: Outside program, first inside program, second inside program, and so on if there are

more inside programs. SUB saves the control card data, and inside program starting points, and provides these data each time an inside program is solved. Dimensions on PARS are presently (2,47), including up to 20 variables in the inside program. This would have to be changed for more than 2 inside programs or 20 variables.

User-Supplied Subroutines for Outside Program

SUBROUTINE READIN  
000002 9999 CONTINUE  
000002 RETURN  
000003 END

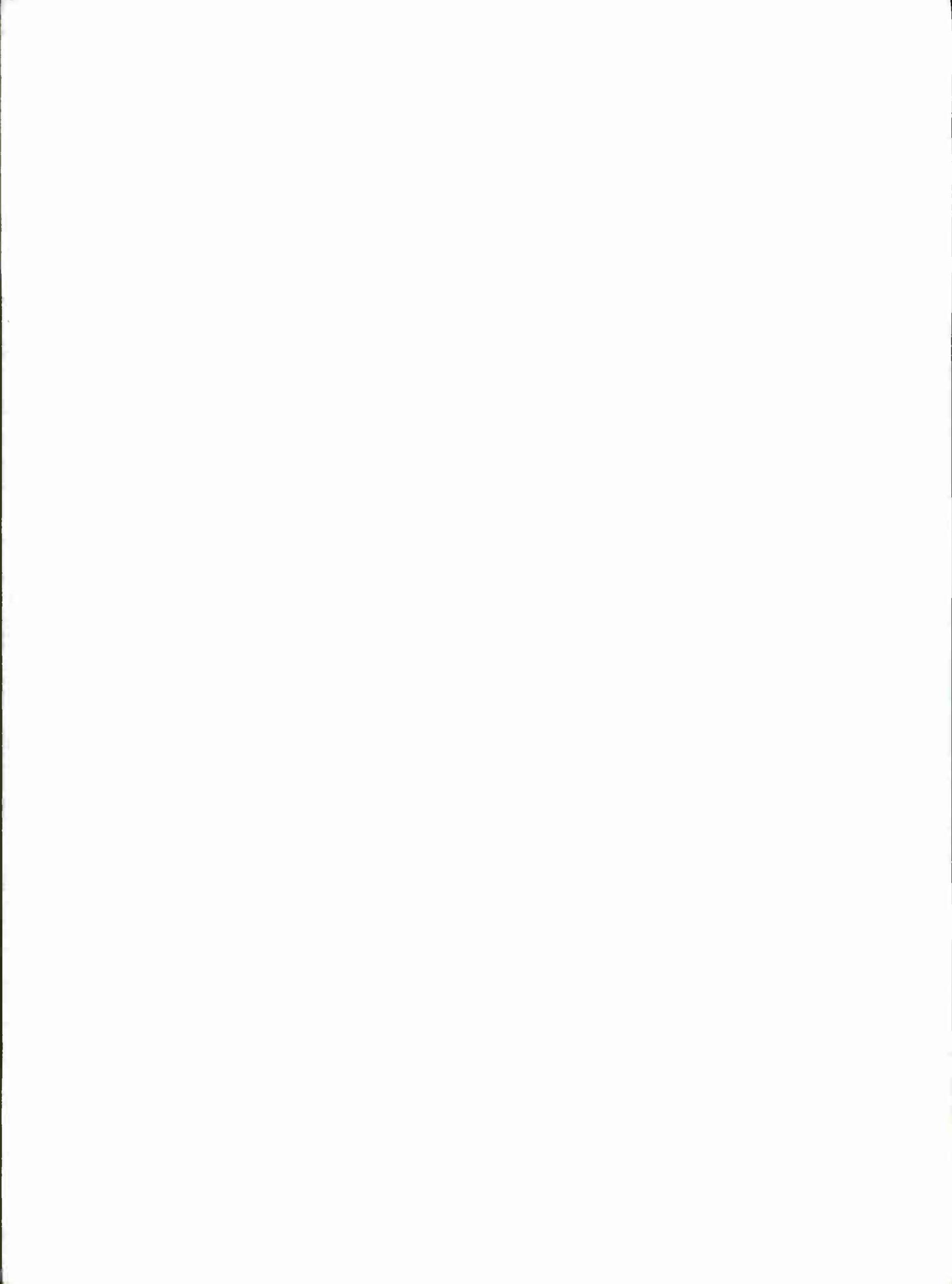
```

SUBROUTINE RESTNT(IN,VAL)
COMMON/PROB/ISP
COMMON/OUT/NOUT,XT(100),V(100)
COMMON/SHARE/ X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1      10000070
FN=N
VAL=0.
IF(IN)100,100,200
100 DO 150 J=1,N
150 VAL = VAL + X(J)
GO TO 9999
200 IF(IN-1)300,300,400
300 ISP=1
NOUT=N
DO 305 J=1,N
IF(X(J)=0.)304,304,305
304 X(J)=1.E-08
305 XT(J)=X(J)
WRITE(6,307)
307 FORMAT(11H1 PROBLEM A)
CALL SUB
WRITE(6,308)
308 FORMAT(18H1 PROBLEM A SOLVED)
DO 320 J=1,N
320 VAL = VAL + X(J)*(V(J)-2.)*2
VAL=VAL-4.
GO TO 9999
400 ISP=2
NOUT=N
DO 405 J=1,N
IF(X(J)=0.)404,404,405
404 X(J)=1.E-08
405 XT(J)=X(J)
WRITE(6,407)
407 FORMAT(11H1 PROBLEM B)
CALL SUB
WRITE(6,408)
408 FORMAT(18H1 PROBLEM B SOLVED)
DO 420 J=1,N
420 VAL = VAL + X(J)**.5 * (V(J)-2.)*2
VAL=VAL-4.
GO TO 9999
9999 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```
000003      SUBROUTINE GRAD1(IN)          100000070
000003      COMMON/SHARE/ X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1
000005      DO 50 J=1,N
000005      50 DEL(J)=0
000010      IF(IN)100,100,200
000011      100 DO 150 J=1,N
000013      150 DEL(J) = 1.
000017      GO TO 9999
000017      200 CALL DIFF1(IN)
000020      GO TO 9999
000022      9999 RETURN
000023      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE MATRIX(IN,L)
COMMON/Sshare/ X(100), DEL(100), A(100*100), N,M, MN,NP1,NM1      10000070
000005 IF(IN)100=100,200
000006 100 L=1
000007   GO TO 9999
000010   200 CALL DIFF2(IN)
000011   GO TO 9999
000013   9999 CONTINUE
000013   RETURN
000014   END
```



INSUMT

```

SUBROUTINE SUB                               000030
C                                         000040
C                                         000050
C                                         000060
C                                         000070
C                                         000080
C MAIN IS THE PROGRAM THAT INITIATES THE SUMT ALGORITHM. THE INPUT OF
C PARAMETERS, OPTIONS, AND STARTING POINT IS DONE IN MAIN. AFTER THE
C SOLUTION OF ONE NLP PROBLEM MAIN LOOKS FOR DATA FOR ANOTHER NLP PROB. 000070
C                                         000080
C
000002      COMMON/PROR/ISP                  000030
000002      COMMON/OUT/NOUT,XT(I00),V(I00) 000040
000002      COMMON/IN/W(100)                000050
C
000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(I00), A(100,I00),N,M, MN,NPI,NM1 000060
000002      COMMON /EQALS/H, HI, MZ          000070
000002      COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10 000080
000002      COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/OELX(100), DELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPSI, THETA0,
1 RSIG1, GI, X1(I00), X2(I00), X3(I00), XR2(I00), XR1(I00), PR1,
2 PR2,P1, F1, RI(200), DOTT, PGRAD(I00), DIAG(I00),
3 PREV3,AOELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002      COMMON/EXP0X / NEXOP1, NEXOP2, XEP1, XEP2
C
000002      DIMENSION IFTS(2),PARS(2,47)
000002      DATA IFTS/0*0/
C
000002      00 5 J=1,NOUT
000002      5 W(J)=XT(J)
000010      1F(1FTS(1SP))10,10,20
C
C      PARAMETER CARO
000012      REAO (5*50) EPSI,RHOIN,THETA0,RATIO,TMAX,M,N,MZ 000180
000012      C INITIAL X VECTOR CARD FORMAT 000190
000036      REAO (5,60) (X(I),I=1,N) 000250
000051      NTCTR=0 000260
000052      NPI=N+1 000270
000054      NM1=N-1 000280
000054
C      SUBROUTINE READIN IS UNDER PROGRAMMER CONTROL 000290
000055      CALL REAO1X 000300
C      OPTION CARD FOLLOWS PROGRAMMERS DATA 000320
000056      REAO (5*80) NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10 000330
000106      WRITE (6,110) 000340
000112      WRITE (6,120) N,M,MZ,TMAX,RHOIN,RAT10,EPSI,THETA0 000350
000136      WRITE (6,130) 000360
000142      WRITE (6,80) NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10 000370
C--READ TOLERANCES 000380
000172      READ (5,60) XEP1, XEP2 000390
000202      WRITE (6,90) 000400
000206      WRITE (6,70) XEP1, XEP2 000410
C--READ SECOND OPTION CARD 000420
000216      REAO (5,80) NEXOP1,NEXOP2 000430
000226      WRITE (6,100) 000440
000232      WRITE (6,80) NEXOP1,NEXOP2 000450
000242      PARS (ISP, 1) = EPSI
000244      PARS(ISP, 2) = RHOIN
000246      PARS (ISP, 3) = THETA0
000247      PARS (ISP, 4) = RAT10
000251      PARS (ISP, 5) = TMAX

```

```

000252      PARS (ISP, 6) = M
000254      PARS (ISP, 7) = N
000256      PARS (ISP, 8) = MZ
000260      DO 4 K=1,20
000262      L=K+8
000264      4 PARS(ISP,L) = X(K)
000271      PARS (ISP,29) = NT1
000273      PARS (ISP,30) = NT2
000275      PARS (ISP,31) = NT3
000277      PARS (ISP,32) = NT4
000301      PARS (ISP,33) = NT5
000303      PARS (ISP,34) = NT6
000305      PARS (ISP,35) = NT7
000307      PARS (ISP,36) = NT8
000311      PARS (ISP,37) = NT9
000313      PARS (ISP,38) = NT10
000315      PARS (ISP,39) = NT11
000317      PARS (ISP,40) = XEPI
000320      PARS (ISP,41) = XEP2
000322      PARS (ISP,42) = XEP3
000323      PARS (ISP,43) = NEXOP1
000325      PARS (ISP,44) = NEXOP2
000327      PARS (ISP,45) = NEXOP3
000331      PARS (ISP,46) = NEXOP4
000333      PARS (ISP,47) = NEXOP5
000335      IFTS(ISP)=1
000337      GO TO 25
C
000337      20 EPSI = PARS(ISP,1)
000341      RHOIN= PARS(ISP,2)
000343      THETA0 = PARS(ISP,3)
000344      RATIO = PARS(ISP,4)
000346      THMAX = PARS(ISP,5)
000347      M = PARS(ISP,6)
000351      N = PARS(ISP,7)
000353      MZ= PARS(ISP,8)
000355      DO 21 K=1,20
000357      L= K+8
000361      21 X{K} = PARS(ISP,L)
000366      NT1 = PARS(ISP,29)
000370      NT2 = PARS(ISP,30)
000372      NT3 = PARS(ISP,31)
000374      NT4 = PARS (ISP,32)
000376      NT5 = PARS (ISP,33)
000400      NT6 = PARS (ISP,34)
000402      NT7 = PARS (ISP,35)
000404      NT8 = PARS (ISP,36)
000406      NT9 = PARS (ISP,37)
000410      NT10 = PARS (ISP,38)
000412      NT11 = PARS (ISP,39)
000414      XEPI = PARS (ISP,40)
000415      XEP2 = PARS (ISP,41)
000417      XEP3 = PARS (ISP,42)
000420      NEXOP1=PARS {ISP,43}
000422      NEXOP2=PARS (ISP,44)
000424      NEXOP3=PARS (ISP,45)
000426      NEXOP4=PARS (ISP,46)
000430      NEXOP5=PARS (ISP,47)

```

```

000432      GO TO 25
C
000433      25 CALL SETS(TMMAX)
000435      CALL TIMECS
000436      NPHASE=4
000437      C --- JUST TO GET AN INITIAL PRINTOUT          000470
000438      CALL EVALUS
000439      P0=0.0
000440      G=0.0
000441      H=0.0
000442      RSIGMA=0.0
000443      CALL OUTPUX (2)
000444      CALL STORES
000445      IF (NEXOP1.GT.1) CALL CHCKEX
000446      IF (NEXOP1.EQ.3) STOP 01072
000447      IF (NEXOP1.EQ.5) STOP 01104
000448      CALL FEASS
000449      C NPHASE=5 IS USED TO INDICATE NO FEASIBLE POINT EXIST    000500
000450      GO TO (30,30,30,30,10), NPHASE
000451      30      NPHASE=2
000452      NCCTR=0
000453      CALL BODYNS
000454      DO 35 J=1,N
000455      35      V(J)=X(J)
000456      RETURN
C
C      PARAMETER CARD
000457      50      FORMAT (5E14.0,3I4)           000680
000458      C      INITIAL X VERCTON CARD FORMAT
000459      60      FORMAT (6E12.6)           000690
000460      70      FORMAT (6E20.7)           000700
C      OPTION CARD FORMAT
000461      80      FORMAT (10I7)           000710
000462      90      FORMAT (13H0 TOLERANCES )
000463      100     FORMAT (26H0 SECOND SET OF OPTIONS )
000464      110     I FORMAT (56H1 NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUMT VERSION 4   SUB
000465      I
000466      120     FORMAT (I10,5X,2HN=I3,6X,2HM=I3,6X,3HMZ=I3//8X,10HMAX, TIME=E14.7,
000467      I4X,2HR=E14.7,4X,6HRATIO=E14.7,6X,BHEPSILON=E14.7,4X,6HTHETA=E14.7) 000800
000468      130     FORMAT (18H0 OPTIONS SELECTED)
000469      END          000810
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SUBROUTINE BODY'S

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C          OCTOBER 1970                                000850
C
C BODY COORDINATES THE FLOW AMONG THE SUBROUTINES THAT ACTUALLY DO THE 000860
C CALCULATIONS REQUIRED BY THE VARIOUS PARTS OF THE ALGORITHM.        000870
000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN=NP1,NM1 000880
000002      COMMON /OPTNNS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10       000890
000002      COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/OELX(100)' OELX0(100)' RHOIN'RATIO' EPSI' THETA0'
1  RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2  PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), OOTT, PGRA0(100), DIAG(100),
3  PREV3,ADELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002      COMMON/CONPAX / NF1, NF2,NF3
000002      NF2=2
000002      NF3=2
000003      MN=0
000004      NUMINI=0
000005
000006      C OPTION OF GETTING INITIAL RHO
000006      CALL RHOCOX
000007      CALL EVALUS
000010      10  CALL XMOVES
000011      GO TO (30,20), NT3
000017      20  CALL TIMECS
000020      CALL OUTPUX (1)
000022      GO TO 40
000023      30  CALL TCHECX
C IN FEASIBILITY PHASE 4 MEANS FEAS ACHIEVED
000024      40  GO TO (50,50,50,200), NSATIS
000034      50  CALL CONVRX (N1)
000036      GO TO (60,10,130), N1
C MINIMUM ACHIEVED IF N1=1
000045      60  GO TO (70,80), NT3
000053      70  CALL TIMECS
000054      CALL OUTPUX (1)
C --- NUMBER OF MINIMA ACHIEVED INCREASED BY 1
000056      80  NUMINI=NUMINI+1
000060      MN=0
000061      GO TO (190,90,90), NPHASE
000070      90  CALL ESTIMS
C FINAL RHO HAVE BEEN CALLED BY ESTIM CONVERGED IF N2=1
000071      GO TO (100,110,120), NT4
C NT4=1 FINAL CONVERGENCE ON 0 ORDER ESTIMATES, NT4=2 CONVERGE ON FIRST
C ORDER ESTIMATES, NT4=3 CONVERGE ON SECOND ORDER ESTIMATES.
000100      100  CALL FINALS(NF1)
000102      GO TO (130,140), NF1
000110      110  GO TO (130,140), NF2
000116      120  GO TO (130,140), NF3
000124      130  RETURN
000125      140  RHO=RHO/RATIO
C USING PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED VALUES FOR F, AND RJ P IS RECOMPUTED WITH THE
C NEW VALUE OF RHO.
000127      CALL PEVALX
C A VECTOR IS LEFT IN DELX(I) BY ESTIM
000130      IF (NUMINI=2) 10,150,150
000133      150  GO TO (10,160,160), NT7
000142      160  CALL GRADS(2)

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000144	CALL OPTS	
000145	GO TO (180,170), NT3	
000153	170 WRITE (6,210)	170 CONTINUE 001420
000157	CALL OUTPUX (1)	
000161	180 GO TO 50	001450
000162	190 IF (G) 90•90•200	001460
000164	200 RETURN	001470
	C --- DUAL VALUE GREATER THAN 0 MEANS NO FEASIBLE POINT EXISTS	001480
	C	001490
000165	210 FORMAT (6X,30HMOVED ON EXTRAPOLATION VECTOR )	001500
000165	END	001510

```

SUBROUTINE CHCKEX

C          MARCH 1971

C C CHCKER COMPUTES AND LIST THE FIRST PARTIAL DERIVATIVES USING GRAD1
C AND THEN USING NUMERICAL DIFFERENCING (DIFF1). IF REQUESTED THE
C SECOND PARTIAL DERIVATIVES ARE COMPUTED AND LISTED USING MATRIX AND
C DIFF2.

000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1    001530
000002      COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ                                         001540
000002      MMZ=1+M*MZ                                                 001550
000005      DO 5 J=1,N                                                 001560
000006      DEL(J)=1.2345678                                           001570
000010      5      CONTINUE
000012      DO 10 I=1,MMZ                                              001580
000013      IN=I-1
000015      WRITE (6,170) IN                                         001590
000022      CALL GRADIS(IN)
000024      WRITE (6,180) (DEL(J),J=1,N)                                 001630
000037      CALL DIFF1S(IN)
000041      WRITE (6,181) (DEL(J),J=1,N)                                 001640
000054      10     CONTINUE
C... SOMETIMES ONLY FIRST DERIVATIVES ARE TO BE CHECKED
000057      IF (NEXOP1.LT.4) GO TO 160                                001650
000061      WRITE (6,190)
000065      DO 150 I=1,MMZ                                              001660
000067      IN=I-1
000071      WRITE (6,170) IN                                         001670
000076      IT=2
000077      DO 30 K=1,N                                              001680
000101      DO 20 J=1,N                                              001690
000102      20     A(K,J)=0.
000110      30     CONTINUE
000112      CALL MATRXX(IN,IT)
000114      IF (IT.EQ.1) GO TO 150
000116      DO 50 K=2,N
000120      KM1=K-1
000122      DO 40 J=1,KM1
000123      IF (A(K,J).EQ.0.0) GO TO 40
000126      NEXOP1=5
000127      WRITE (6,210) K,J
000137      GO TO 60
000140      40     CONTINUE
000143      50     CONTINUE
000145      60     DO 90 K=1,N
000147      DO 70 J=K,N
000150      IF (A(K,J).NE.0.0) GO TO 80
000153      70     CONTINUE
000156      WRITE (6,220) K
000158      GO TO 90
000164      80     WRITE (6,200) K, (A(K,J),J=1,N)                   001710
000203      90     CONTINUE
000206      DO 110 K=1,N
000207      DO 100 J=1,N
000210      100    A(K,J)=0.
000216      110    CONTINUE
000220      WRITE(6,115) IN                                         001730

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000226 115 FORMAT (13H0 CALL DIFF2(,I2,1H) )
000226      CALL DIFF2S(IN)
000230      DO 140 K=1,N
000232      DO 120 J=K,N
000233      IF (A(K,J),NE.0) GO TO 130
000236 120  CONTINUE
000241      WRITE (6,220) K
000246      GO TO 140
000247 130  WRITE (6,200) K,(A(K,J),J=1,N)
000266 140  CONTINUE
000271 150  CONTINUE
000274 160  CONTINUE
000274      RETURN
C
000275 170  FORMAT ( 28H0CHECKER.....CONSTRAINT NO. , I3) 002230
000275 180  FORMAT (1H0,24HCHECKER.....1ST PARTIALS/(1X,E20.8,E20.8,E20. 002240
000275           18,E20.8,E20.8))
000275 190  FORMAT (1H0,24HCHECKER.....2ND PARTIALS) 002250
000275 200  FORMAT (4H0ROW, I3      /(1X'E20.8'E20.8'E20.8'E20.8'E20.8)) 002260
000275 210  FORMAT (3H A(,I2,1H,,I2,10H) .NE. 0,0) 002270
000275 220  FORMAT (4H ROW,I3,11H ALL ZEROS.) 002280
000275
000275      END 002290
000275
000275      002300
000275
000275      002310

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SUBROUTINE CONVRX (N1)                                002330
C          OCTOBER 1970                               002340
C
C AFTER EACH ITERATION OF THE ALGORITHM TO LOCATE THE MINIMUM OF THE 002350
C PENALTY FUNCTION, CONVRG DETERMINES IF THE CURRENT POINT IS CLOSE 002360
C ENOUGH TO THE POINT GIVING THE MINIMUM VALUE OF THE P FUNCTION. 002370
C   N1 SET EQUAL TO 1 IF MINIMUM HAS BEEN FOUND. 002380
C   N1 SET EQUAL TO 2 IF MINIMUM HAS NOT BEEN FOUND AND TIME IS NOT UP 002390
C   N1 SET EQUAL TO 3 OTHERWISE 002400
C   OOTT SET EQUAL TO (DEL P)(INVERSE(DEL(DEL P)))(DEL P) IN OPT 002410
C   COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN,NP1,NM1 002420
C   COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10
C   COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
C   COMMON /CRSTS/OELX(100), DELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPSI, THETA0,
1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1, 002430
2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRAO(100), DIAG(100),
3 PREV, ADELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
C   COMMON/EXPORX / NEXOP1, NEXOP2, XEP1, XEP2
C   COMMON /TSWS/NSWW
N1=2                                              002520
000004                                              002530
000011                                              002540
000020      10 IF (ABS(OOTT).LT.EPSI) GO TO 70        002550
000024      20 IF (ABS(OOTT).LT.(P1-P0)/5.0) GO TO 70 002560
000032      30 IF (ADELX.LT.EPSI) GO TO 70        002570
000035      40 GO TO 50,60, NSWW                  002580
000043      50 IF (MN.LE.1) RETURN                002590
000047      50 IF (P0+XEP2.LT.Q1) GO TO 75        002600
000053      50 [WRITE (6,80)]                      002610
000056      60 GO TO 70                           002620
000060      60 CALL PUNCHS                      002630
000061      60 [WRITE (6,90)]                      002640
000065      60 N1=3                            002650
C
C   FOUND THE MINIMUM TO THE SUBPROBLEM.          002660
000067      70 RETURN                          002670
000070      70 N1=1                            002680
000071      75 Q1 = P0                         002690
000073      75 RETURN                          002700
C
000073      80 FORMAT (100H APPARENTLY ROUNDOFF ERRORS PREVENT A MORE ACCURATE DE 002710
1TERMINATION OF THE MINIMUM OF THIS SUBPROBLEM.) 002720
000073      90 FORMAT (48H**** TIME IS UP: CALLING EXIT FROM CONVRG. ****) 002730
000073      90 ENO                            002740
000073      90                                     002750
000073      90                                     002760
000073      90                                     002770
000073      90                                     002780

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SURREOUTINE DIFF1S(IN)                                002800
C                                                    002810
C          FEBRUARY 1971                            002820
C                                                    002830
C DIFF1 COMPUTES THE FIRST DERIVATIVES BY NUMERICAL DIFFERENCING. 002840
C                                                    002850
C--USER CAN CALL FOR DIFFERENCING OF SELECTED FUNCTIONS
000003      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NPL,NML 002890
000003      COMMON/EXP0PX / NEXOP1, NEXOP2, XEP1, XEP2
000003      COMMON, STIRXS,XSTR( 100 ) , XSSS( 100 ), DLL(100)
000003      DO 10 J=1,N
000005      10   XSTR(J)=X(J)                                         002900
000011      DO 30 J=1,N                                         002910
000012      IF (J.EQ.1) GO TO 20                                     002920
000014      JM1=-1                                              002930
000015      X(JM1)=XSTR(JM1)                                       002940
000017      20   X(J)=XSTR(J)+XEP1                               002950
000022      CALL RESTNX (IN,ZZ2)
000024      X(J)=XSTR(J)-XEP1
000027      CALL RESTNX (IN,ZZ1)
000032      30   DEL(J)=(ZZ2-ZZ1)/(2.*XEP1)                      002970
000042      X(N)=XSTR(N)
000043      RETURN
000044      END                                         002990
000044                                         003000
000044                                         003010
000044                                         003020

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SUBROUTINE DIFF2S(1N)                                003040
C                                                    003050
C          OCTOBER 1970                               003060
C                                                    003070
C DIFF2 COMPUTES THE SECOND DERIVATIVES BY NUMERICAL DIFFERENCING. 003080
C
000003      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1
000003      COMMON/EXPPOPX / NEXOP1, NEXOP2, XEP1, XEP2
000003      COMMON/ STIRXS/XSTR( 100 ) , XSSS( 100 ), DDLL( 100 )
000003      DO 10 J=1,N                                003120
000005    10  XSSS(J)=X(J)
000005      DO 50 J=1,N                                003130
000012    12  IF (J.EQ.1) GO TO 20                  003140
000014    14  JM1=J-1                                003150
000015    15  X(JM1)=XSSS(JM1)                      003160
000017    20  X(J)=XSSS(J)+XFP1                   003170
000022    22  CALL GRAD1S(1N)                         003180
000023    23  DO 30 I=1,N                                003200
000026    26  DULL(I)=OEL(I)                         003210
000032    32  X(J)=XSSS(J)-XEP1                   003220
000035    35  CALL GRAD1S(IN)
000036    36  DO 40 I=J,N                                003240
000041    41  A(J,1)=(DDLL(1)-DEL(I))/(2.*XEP1)   003250
000057    50  CONTINUE                                003260
000061    61  X(N)=XSSS(N)                          003270
000062    62  RETURN                                 003280
000063    63  ENO                                    003290

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SUBROUTINE ESTIMS

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C          OCTOBER 1970
C
C ESTIM PERFORMS THE COMPUTATIONS TO ESTIMATE THE LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
C AND MAKE THE FIRST- AND SECOND-ORDER ESTIMATES OF THE FINAL SOLUTION
C OF THE PROBLEM.
000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN=NP1,NM1
000002      COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ
000002      COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10
000002      COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P,RSIGMA, RHO(200)
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/OELX(100), DELX0(100), RHOIN=RATIO, EPSI=THETA0,
1     RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2     PR2,P1, F1, R1(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), DIAG(100),
3     PREV3,ADELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002      COMMON/CONPAX/NF1=NF2*NF3
000002      CALL STORES
000003      Z10=RATIO**2
000005      Z9=RATIO
000006      Z1=1.0/Z9+1.0/Z10
000011      Z2=Z1*1./Z9**3
000014      Z3=1./Z9**3
000016      Z4=Z10*Z9
000017      Z5=Z9**3
000020      Z6=1.0/((Z10-1.0)*(Z9-1.0))
000024      Z7=1./Z9
000026      Z8=1.0/(Z9-1.0)
000030      RQ=1.0/RHO
000032      IF (NUMINI=2) 150,80,10
000034      10 WRITE (6,340)                                     10 CONTINUE
000040      P0=(PR2-Z4*PR1+Z5*p1)*Z6
000047      G=(RATIO*G1-GR1)/(RATIO-1.)
000053      DO 20 I=1,N
000055      20 X(I)=(XR2(I)-Z4*XR1(I)+Z5*X1(I))*Z6
000066      NP=NPHASE
000070      NPHASE=4
000071      CALL EVALUS
000072      NPHASE=NP
000074      CALL OUTUX (2)
C CHECK TO SEE IF ESTIMATES HAVE CONVERGED
000075      GO TO (70,30,70), NPHASE
000104      30 DO 50 J=1,M
000106      IF (RJ(J)) 40,50,50
000110      40 IF (THETA0=RJ(J)) 70,50,50
000113      50 CONTINUE
000116      GO TO (70,70,60), NT4
000125      60 CALL FINALS(NF3)
000127      70 CONTINUE
000127      80 WRITE (6,340)                                     80 CONTINUE
000133      G=(RATIO*G1-GR1)/(RATIO-1.)
000140      P0=(Z9*X1-1)*Z8
000144      DO 90 I=1,N
000145      90 X(I)=(Z9*X1(I)-XR1(I))*Z8
000153      NP=NPHASE
000155      NPHASE=4
000156      CALL EVALUS
000157      NPHASE=NP

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000161    CALL OUTPUX (2)                                0038A0
000162    C CHECK TO SEE IF ESTIMATES HAVE CONVERGED   003890
000163        GO TO (140,100,140), NPHASE
000171    100    DO 120 J=1,M                           003900
000173        IF (RJ(J)) 110,120,120
000175    110    IF (RJ(J)+THETA0) 140*120*120       003920
000200    120    CONTINUE                               003930
000203        GO TO (140+130+140), NT4                003940
000212    130    CALL FINALS(NF2)
000214    140    CONTINUE                               003960
000214    150    WRITE (6,350)                         150 CONTINUE
000220        IF (M) 180,180,160
000222    160    DO 170 J=1,M
000224        RJ(J)=RHO/RJ1(J)
000250    170    IF (MZ) 210,210,190                   004018
000232    190    DO 200 J=1,MZ
000234        MNJ=M+J
000236    200    RJ(MNJ)=Z1*RJ1(MNJ)*RQ             004040
000244    210    GO TO (220,240), NT2                004050
000252    220    DO 230 I=1,N
000254    230    X(I)=RHO*X1(I)                      004060
000260    240    CALL OUTPUX (2)
000262    CALL REJECX
000263        IF (NUMINI=2) 280,300+250
000266    250    GO TO (280,310,260), NT7
000275    C SECOND ORDER MOVE FOR NEXT MINIMUM
000277    260    DO 270 I=1,N
000277    270    DELX(I)=Z1*X1(I)-Z2*XR1(I)+Z3*XR2(I)
000310    280    PR2=PR1
000312        GR2=GR1
000313        PR1=PL
000314        GR1=GL
000315        DO 290 I=1,N
000317        XR2(I)=XR1(I)
000321    290    XR1(I)=X1(I)
000324    RETURN
000325    300    GO TO (280,310,310), NT7
000334    310    DO 320 I=1,N
000336    320    DELX(I)=(X1(I)-XR1(I))/Z7
000343    GO TO 280
000344    C
000344    330    FORMAT (/26H0      2ND ORDER ESTIMATES )
000344    340    FORMAT (/26H0      1ST ORDER ESTIMATES )
000344    350    FORMAT (/25H0      LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS )
000344    ENO

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## SUBROUTINE EVALUS

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C          OCTOBER 1970                               004330
C
C IN THE NORMAL PHASE EVALU CALLS THE USER-SUPPLIED ROUTINES TO EVALUATE 004340
C THE OBJECTIVE FUNCTION AND THE CONSTRAINT FUNCTIONS AT THE CURRENT 004350
C POINT. IN THE FEASIBILITY PHASE THIS ROUTINE PUTS THE NEGATIVE SUM OF 004360
C THE VIOLATED CONSTRAINTS IN LOCATION F.                                004370
000002 COMMON/SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100), N, M, MN, NP1, NM1 004380
000002 COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ                                         004390
000002 COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1, NT2, NT3, NT4, NT5, NT6, NT7, NT8, NT9, NT10
000002 COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000002 COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), OELX(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPSI, THETA0,
1 RSIGM, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XH1(100), PR1,
2 PR2,1, F1, RJ1(200), OOTT, PGRAO(100), OIAG(100),
3 PREV3'AOELX' NTCTR' NUMINI' NPHASE' NSATIS
000002 H=0.0                                         004480
000003 RSIGMA=0.0                                     004490
000004 F=0.0                                         004500
000005 NSATIS=2                                     004510
000006 GO TO (10,100,190,200), NPHASE               004520
C =1 FEASIBILITY                                 004530
C =2 NORMAL                                     004540
C =3 GUESS                                      004550
C =4 ALL FUNCTIONS ARE TO BE EVALUATED           004560
C FEASIBILITY                                 004570
000016 10 GO TO (20,40), NT2                         004580
C NON-NEGATIVITIES INCLUDED                   004590
000024 20 00 30 IF', N                               004600
000026      IF (X(I))' 260'260'30                 004610
000030 30 RSIGMA=RSIGMA=RHO*ALOG(X(I))           004620
000040 40 IF (M.EQ.0) GO TO 90                     004630
000041 00 80 J=1,M
000043      CALL RESTNX (J,RJ(J))
000045      IF (RJ(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 50             004660
000047      IF (RJ(J).GT.0.0) GO TO 60             004670
C VIOLATION OF A PREVIOUSLY SATISFIED CONSTRAINT
000052 50 GO TO 260                                 004680
000052 50 IF (RJ(J).GT.0.0) GO TO 70             004690
C ALL VIOLATED CONSTRAINTS ADDED INTO OBJECTIVE FUNCTION
000055 60 F=F-RJ(J)                                004720
000057 60 GO TO 80                                 004730
000057 60 RSIGMA=RSIGMA=RHO*ALOG(RJ(J))         004740
000064 60 GO TO 80                                 004750
C INDICATES SATISFACTION OF CONSTRAINT (1 OR MORE)
000065 70 NSATIS=1                                004760
000066 70 RSIGMA=RSIGMA=RHO*ALOG(RJ(J))         004770
000073 80 CONTINUE                                004780
000076 90 CONTINUE                                004790
C EQUALITIES NOT COMPUTED IN FEAS. PHASE
000076  P0=F+RSIGMA                            004810
000100  G=F-RHO*FLOAT(M)                         004820
000105  IF (NT2.EQ.1) G=G-RHO*FLOAT(N)           004830
000112  RETURN
C REGULAR PHASE
000113 100 GO TO (110'130)', NT2                004850
C NON NEGATIVITIES INCLUDED
000113                                         004860
000113                                         004870
000113                                         004880

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000121   110  DO 120 I=1,N          004890
000123     IF (X(I)) <=0,260,I20  004900
000125   120  RSIGMA=RSIGMA-RHO*ALOG(X(I)) 004910
000135   130  IF (M,EQ.0) GO TO 150  004920
000136     DO I40 J=I*M          004930
000138       CALL RESTNX (J,RJ(J))
000142       IF (RJ(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 260 004950
000144       RSTGMA=RSIGMA-RHO*ALOG(RJ(J)) 004960
000151   140  CONTINUE          004970
C EVALUATE AND ADD IN EQUALITY CONSTRAINTS
000154   150  CONTINUE          004980
000155       CALL RESTNX (N,F)
000156       IF (MZ) 180,I80,160  005010
000160   160  DO I70 I=1,MZ      005020
000162       J=1+M
000164       CALL RESTNX (J,RJ(J))
C ADD INTO THIRD TERM OF P FUNCTION
000166       H=H+(RJ(J))**2      005050
000171   170  CONTINUE          005060
000174       H=H/RHO          005070
000175   180  P0=RSIGMA+H      005080
000177       P0=F+P0          005090
000201       G=2.*H-RHO*FLOAT(M) 005100
000205       G=G+F          005110
000207   190  IF (INT2.EQ.1) G=G-RHO*FLOAT(N) 005120
C DUAL VALUE
000214   200  RETURN          005130
000215       C GUESS PHASE NOT CODED
000216   210  RETURN          005140
000217       C--- STRAIGHT FUNCTION EVALUATION ( MAIN+FEAS ONLY)
000218   220  CONTINUE          005150
000219       IF (M,EQ.0) GO TO 220  005160
000220   230  DO 240 I=1,M      005170
000221       CALL RESTNX (I,RJ(I)) 005180
000222   240  CONTINUE          005190
000223       220 CALL RESTNX (0,F)
C EQUALITY CONSTRAINTS
000230       230 IF (MZ) 250,250,230 005200
000232   240  DO 250 I=1,MZ      005210
000234       KZ=M+I
000236   250  CALL RESTNX (KZ,RJ(KZ)) 005220
000238   260  RETURN          005230
C CONSTRAINTS VIOLATED NOT SO BEFORE
000244   260  NSATIS=3          005250
000245       P0=10.E35          005260
000247       RETURN          005270
000248       END              005280
000249

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## SUBROUTINE FEASS

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C          OCTOBER 1970                                005370
C
C FEAS DETERMINES WHETHER THE STARTING POINT IS FEASABLE. IF IT IS NOT,    005380
C FEAS LOOKS FOR A FEASABLE ONE. IF NONE EXISTS, A MESSAGE IS PRINTED    005390
C AND CONTROL RETURNS TO MAIN.    005400
000002      COMMON /SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100), N, M, MN, NP1, NM1    005410
000002      COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1, NT2, NT3, NT4, NT5, NT6, NT7, NT8, NT9, NT10    005420
000002      COMMON /VALUES/F, G, P0, RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), DELX0(100), RHOIN, RATIO, EPSI, THETA0,
1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2{100}, XR1(100), PR1,
2 PR2, P1, F1, RJ1(200), OOTT, PGRAO(100), DIAG(100),
3 PREV3, ADELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002      NPHASE=1
000003      GO TO (10,50), NT2                                005500
000011      10      NFIX=1                                005510
000012      00 30 I=1,N                                005520
000014      IF (X(I)) 20,20,30                                005530
000016      20      NFIX=2                                005540
000017      30      X(I)=1.E-05                                005550
000021      CONTINUE
000024      GO TO (50,40), NFIX                                005560
000032      40      NPHASE=1                                005570
000033      CALL EVALUS
000034      C JUST GET ALL CONSTRAINTS EVALUATED          005580
000035      NPHASE=1
000041      WRITE (6,130)                                005590
000043      CALL OUTPUX(2)
000045      50      IF (M) 90,92,60                                005600
000046      60      DO 70 I=1,M                                005610
000047      IF (RJ(I)) 100,100,70                                005620
000051      70      CONTINUE
000054      80      CALL TIMECS
000055      WRITE (6,140)                                005630
000061      G=0,0
000062      CALL RESTNX (0,F)
000064      CALL OUTPUX (2)
000066      90      RETURN                                005640
000067      100     CALL BODY5
000070      00 110 I=1,M                                005650
000072      IF (RJ(I)) 120,120,110                                005660
000074      110     CONTINUE
000077      GO TO 80
000077      120     WRITE (6,150)                                120 CONTINUE
000103      C TO INDICATE TO MAIN TO START ON NEXT PROBLEM. 005670
000104      NPHASE=5
000104      GO TO 90                                005680
000105      C
000105      130     FORMAT (1H0,2X,4B)MADE VIOLATED NON-NEGATIVITIES SLIGHTLY POSITIVE 005690
000105      140     FORMAT (51H0****THE FEASIBLE STARTING POINT TO BE USED IS ... ) 005700
000105      150     FORMAT (3X,89HTHIS PROBLEM POSSESSES NO FEASIBLE STARTING POINT. W 005710
000105      1ILL LOOK FOR DATA FOR NEXT PROBLEM. )
000105      EN0
000105

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SUBROUTINE FINALS(N2)                                005920
C                                                    005930
C          OCTOBER 1970                               005940
C                                                    005950
C FINAL CONTAINS THE TESTS USED TO DETERMINE WHETHER A POINT SATISFIES 005960
C THE FINAL CONVERGENCE CRITERION CHOSEN TO DETERMINE IF THE NLP      005970
C PROBLEM HAS BEEN SOLVED.                                         005980
C N2 SET EQUAL TO 1 IF CONVERGENCE CRITERION IS SATISFIED.           005990
C N2 SET EQUAL TO 2 OTHERWISE.
000003      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN,NP1,NM1   006070
000003      COMMON /OPTNNS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10
000003      COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000003      COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), DELX0(100), RHO1N'RAT10', EPSI0, THETA0'
1  RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XRI(100), PR1,
2  PR2,P1, F1, R1(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), DIAG(100),
3  PREV3,ADELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASF, NSATIS
000003      GO TO 10,20,30, NT5                                     006080
000012      10  EPSIL=ABS(F/G-1.)                                 006090
000016      20  IF (EPSIL-THETA0) 50,50,70
000021      20  IF (ABS(RSIGMA)-THETA0) 50,50,70
000025      30  IF (NUMINI-1) 50,40,40
000030      40  PEST=PRI-(PRI-P0)/(1.-1./SQRT(RAT10))
000040      40  EPSIL=ABS(PEST/G-1.)
000043      43  IF (EPSIL-THETA0) 50,70,70
000046      50  N2=1
000047      50  GO TO 80,60, NT6
000055      60  CALL PUNCHS
000056      60  GO TO 80
000060      70  N2=2
000061      80  RETURN
000062      END

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SUBROUTINE GRADS(IS)                                006230
C
C          OCTOBER 1970                               006240
C
C GRAD COMPUTES THE GRADIENT OF THE PENALTY FUNCTION AND THE OUTER    006250
C PRODUCT FACTORS OF THE MATRIX OF SECOND PARTIALS OF P.                006260
C IF (IS=1) ACCUM. MATRIX OF 2ND PARTIALS, IF (IS=2) COUNT                006270
C COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN,NP1,NM1           006280
C COMMON/EQALS/H, H1, MZ
C COMMON/OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10
C COMMON/VALUES/F,G,O,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
C COMMON/CRSTS/OELX(100), OELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPSI, THETA0,
1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), OIAG(100),
3 PREV3,AOELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000003      GO TO (10,30), IS                           006370
000011  IO   DO 20 I=1,N                               006380
000013  20   DO 20 J=1*I                           006390
000014  20   A(I,J)=0.                           006400
000024  30   OO 40 I=1*N                           006410
000026  40   OELX0(I)=0.                           006420
C THIS SECTION WORKS CORRECTLY IN FEASIBILITY PHASE AS WELL AS NORMAL PH
000031  50   GO TO (50,80), NT2                      006430
000037  50   OO 70 I=1,N                           006440
000041  50   OELX0(I)=-RHO/X(I)                   006450
000044  60   GO TO (60,70), IS                      006460
000051  60   A(I,I)=(-OELX0(I)/X(I))            006470
000056  70   CONTINUE                           006480
000061  80   CONTINUE                           006490
000061  80   IF (M.LE.0) GO TO 180                  006500
000063  90   OO 170 K=I,M                           006510
000064  CALL GRA0IS(K)
000065  90   IF (RJ(K).GT.0) GO TO 110             006520
C ALL VIOLATED CONSTRAINT GRAOS ADDED TO OBJ. FUNCTION               006530
000071  90   DO 100 I=1,N                           006540
000072  90   IF (DEL(I)) 90,100,90                 006550
000073  90   OELX0(I)=OELX0(I)-OEL(I)            006560
000076  100  CONTINUE                           006570
000101  100  GO TO 170                           006580
000101  110  TT=RHO/RJ(K)                         006590
000104  110  OO 160 I=1,N                           006600
000105  110  IF (DEL(I)) 120,160,120              006610
C IF OEL(I)=0 SKIP ALL THE FOLLOWING COMPUTATION INVOLVING * BY OEL(I) 006620
888106  120  T=TT-OEL(I)                         006630
000113  120  OELX0(I)=OELX0(I)-T                 006640
000120  130  GO TO (130,160), IS                 006650
000122  130  T=T/RJ(K)                           006660
000124  130  DO 150 JJ=I,I                         006670
000124  140  IF (OEL(JJ)) 140,150,140            006680
000125  140  A(I,JJ)=A(I,JJ)+T*OEL(JJ)         006690
000133  150  CONTINUE                           006700
000136  160  CONTINUE                           006710
000141  170  CONTINUE                           006720
C EQUALITY CHANGES FOR GRAD
000144  180  IF (MZ.LE.0) GO TO 250             006730
000146  180  GO TO (250,190,250), NPHASE        006740
000155  190  RQ=2./RHO                          006750
                                         006760
                                         006770
                                         006780

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000157	DO 240 J=1,MZ	006790
000161	K=M+J	006800
000163	CALL GRADIS(K)	006820
000164	TT=RQ*RJ(K)	006830
000167	DO 230 I=1,N	006840
000171	IF (DEL(I).EQ.0.0) GO TO 230	006850
000172	DELX0(I)=DELX0(I)+DEL(I)*TT	006860
000175	GO TO (200,230), IS	006870
000175 200	T=RQ*DEL(I)	006880
000176	DO 220 JJ=I,I	006890
000207	IF (DEL(JJ)) 210*220*210	006900
000210	A(I,JJ)=A(I,JJ)+T*DEL(JJ)	006910
000216	210 CONTINUE	006920
000221	220 CONTINUE	006930
000224	230 CONTINUE	006940
000226	240 GO TO (260,280), IS	006950
000234	250 DO 270 I=I,N	006960
000236	260 DIAG(I)=A(I,I)	006970
000246	270 GO TO (290,330,290), NPHASE	006980
000255	C LEAVES NEGATIVE GRADIENT IN DELP	006990
000257	290 DO 300 I=I,N	007000
000263	300 DELX0(I)=-DELX0(I)	007010
000264	310 ADELX=0.	007020
000266	DO 320 I=1,N	007030
000273	320 ADELX=ADELX+DELX0(I)**2	007040
000275	ADELX=SQRT(ADELX)	007050
000275	RETURN	
000277	330 CALL GRADIS(0)	007070
000277	DO 340 I=1,N	007080
000302	340 DELX0(I)=-DELX0(I)-DEL(I)	007090
000307	C LEAVES THE NFG. GRAD OF P IN DELX0	007100
000307	GO TO 310	007110
000307	END	



000127		A(J,L)=A(L,J)*A(J,J)	007690
000136	150	CONTINUE	007700
000140	160	CONTINUE	007710
000142	170	CONTINUE	007720
000142		IF (NINV) 180,180,290	007730
000144	180	B(1)=B(1)*A(1,1)	007740
000146		DO 210 J=2,N	007750
000147		T=0.	007760
000150		JM1=J-1	007770
000152		DO 200 I=1,JM1	007780
000153		IF (A(J,I)) 190,200,190	007790
000156	190	T=T+A(J,I)*B(I)	007800
000164	200	CONTINUE	007810
000167		B(J)=(B(J)-T)*A(J,J)	007820
000174	210	CONTINUE	007830
000177		DO 240 I=1,NM1	007840
000200		NMK=N-I	007850
000202		DO 230 J=1,I	007860
000203		L=NPI-J	007870
000205		IF (A(NMK,L)) 220,230,220	007880
000210	220	B(NMK)=B(NMK)+A(NMK*L)*B(L)	007890
000216	230	CONTINUE	007900
000221		240	007910
000223		GO TO (280,260), NT3	007920
000231	260	WRITE (6,450)	
000235		WRITE (6,420) (DELX0(I),I=1,N)	
000250	270	WRITE (6,440)	
000254		WRITE (6,420) (DELX(I),I=1,N)	
000267	280	RETURN	007970
	C---	COMPUTE ORTHOGONAL MOVE	007980
000270	290	CONTINUE	007990
000270		DO 350 II=1,N	008000
000273		I=N-II+1	008010
000276		IF (A(I,I)) 310,300,320	008020
000302	300	H(I)=0.0	008030
000304		GO TO 350	008040
000304	310	B(I)=1.0	008050
000306		GO TO 330	008060
000307	320	B(I)=0.0	008070
000311	330	IP1=I+	008080
000313		IF (IP1.GT.N) GO TO 350	008090
000316		DO 340 J=IP1,N	008100
000317	340	H(J)=B(J)-A(I,J)*B(J)	008110
000331	350	CONTINUE	008120
000334		GO TO 360	008130
	C--	CHECK MAYBE DO DIFF FOR P.S.D.	008140
000334	360	ZC2=0.0	008150
000335		DO 370 I=1,N	008160
000337	370	ZC2=ZC2+DELX0(I)*B(I)	008170
000344		IF (ZC2) 380,400,400	008180
000345	380	DO 390 I=1,N	008190
000347	390	B(I)=H(I)	008200
000353	400	WRITE (6,450)	
	C MCC	ZANGWILL ONE MOD	008220
000357		IF (NEX0P2,NE,2) GO TO 250	008230
000362		DO 410 K=1,N	008240
000364	410	B(K)=B(K)+DELX0(K)	008250
000371		GO TO 250	008260

	C		
000371	420	FORMAT (7E17.8)	008270
000371	430	FORMAT (1H0,6X,12HDEL P VECTOR)	008280
000371	440	FORMAT(1H0,6X,24HSECOND ORDER MOVE VECTOR)	008290
000371	450	FORMAT (1H0,6X,15HORTHOGONAL MOVE)	008300
000371		END	008310
			008320

SUBROUTINE OPTS

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C          MARCH 1971                               008340
C
C OPT LOOKS FOR A MINIMUM ALONG THE SEARCH VECTOR USING THE GOLOEN   008350
C SECTION SEARCH METHOD.                                              008360
000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1  008370
000002      COMMON /VAL/DES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), OELX0(100), RHO1,N,RAT10, EPSI, THETA0,
1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRA0(100), DIAG(100),
3 PREV3,AOEL X, NTCTR, NUMIN1, NPHASE, NSAT1S                         008380

000002      KSW=1                                         008450
000003      N405=1                                       008460
000004      P31=P0                                       008470
000006      ISW=1                                         008480
000007      UOTT=0.                                      008490
000010      DO 10 J=1,N                                008500
000011      10 DOTT=UOTT+OELX(J)*DELX0(J)             008510
000016      GO TO 40                                    008520
000017      20 DO 30 I=1,N                            008530
000021      30 OELX(I)=DELX(I)                        008540
000025      40 CONTINUE                                 008550
000025      N404=0                                       008560
000026      MN=MN+1                                     008570
000030      C MN IS NOW NUMB. OF POINTS AFTER MIN ACHIEVED 008580
000031      NTCTR=NTCTR+1                            008590
000032      50 OQ 50 I=1,N                           008600
000036      X2(I)=X(I)                                008610
000037      PX1=P0                                     008620
000040      N401=0                                     008630
000042      60 N401=N401+1                           008640
000042      DO 70 I=1,N                            008650
000043      70 X(I)=X2(I)+OELX(I)                  008660
000050      CALL EVALUS

C 1 MEANS SATIS. OF CONSTRAINT NT.PREV. 2MEANS NOCHANGE 3MEANS VIOLATION 008680
C IF POINT IS NOT FEASIBLE GIVE IT AN ARBITRARILY HIGH VALUE           008690
000051      GO TO (540,90,A0), NSAT1S                008700
000060      80 BX2=10,E35                            008710
000062      P0=10.E35                                008720
000063      GO TO 100                                 008730
000064      90 CONTINUE                                008740
000064      PX2=P0                                     008750
000066      66 IF (PX1-PX2) 100,100,150            008760
000070      100 IF (N401-2) 130,110,110            008770
000073      110 DO 120 I=1,N                         008780
000075      120 X1(I)=X(I)                          008790
000101      P1=PX2                                    008800
000102      GO TO 430                                008810
C ONLY ONE POINT SO FAR COMPUTED                                     008820
000103      130 00 140 I=1,N                         008830
000105      140 X3(I)=X2(I)                         008840
000111      PREV3=X1                                008850
000112      GO TO 180                                008860
000113      150 00 160 I=1,N                         008870
000113      X3(I)=X2(I)                          008880
000117      X2(I)=X(I)                            008890

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000120    160  DELX(I)=1.61803399*DELX(I)          008900
000124      PRFV3=PX1                         008910
000126      PX1=PX2                         008920
000127      GO TO 60                         008930
C GOLDEN SECTION SEARCH METHOD.
C R VECTOR GOES TO X1(I)
000127    170  P0=1.E36                         008940
000131      N404=N404+1                         008950
000132    180  DO 190 I=1,N                      008960
000134    190  X1(I)=X(I)                         008970
000140      P1=P0                         008980
000141      DO 200 I=1,N                      008990
000143      X(I)=.38196601*(X1(I)-X3(I))+X3(I) 009000
000150    200  X2(I)=X(I)                         009010
000153      CALL EVALUS                         009020
000154      GO TO (540,270,210), NSATIS        009030
000163    210  IF (N404.LT.30) GO TO 170        009040
000166      CONTINUE                         009050
C THERE IS NO REFERENCE TO 211, THE ABOVE STATEMENT IS A DUMMY STATEMENT
C--IT IS POSSIBLE NO FEASIBLE POINT EXIST, IF NOT TRY MOVING ON DELX0.
C-- IF IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO MOVE ON DELX0 THEN WE MUST BE AT A
C-- SOLUTION OF NLP PROBLEM.
000166    220  IF (N404.GT.100) GO TO 240        009060
000172      DO 230 I=1,N                      009070
000174      IF (ABS(ABS(X3(I)/X1(I))-1.).GT.1.E-7) GO TO 170 009080
000203    230  CONTINUE                         009090
000205    240  GO TO (250,260), N405           009100
000213    250  N405=2                         009110
C--TRY TO MOVE ON GRADIENT.
000214      NTCTR=NTCTR-1                     009120
000216      MN=MN-1                         009130
000217      GO TO 20                         009140
000217    260  WRITE (6,580)                   260 CONTINUE
000223      CALL TIMECS                      009150
000224      CALL OUTPUX(1)                   009160
000226      CALL REJECTA                    009170
000227      STOP 22042                      009180
C
000231    270  CONTINUE                         009190
000231      N404=0                         009200
000232      PX1=P0                         009210
000234      DO 280 I=1,N                      009220
000235    280  X(I)=.38196601*(X1(I)-X2(I))+X2(I) 009230
000244      CALL EVALUS                         009240
000245      GO TO (540,290,220), NSATIS        009250
000254    290  PX2=P0                         009260
000256      N401=1                         009270
000257      N401=N401+1                     009280
000261      IF (N401-25) 340,310,310       009290
000263    310  KSW=2                         009300
000264      IF (N401-40) 320,460,460       009310
000267    320  DO 330 I=1,N                  009320
000271      IF (ABS(X2(I)/X(I)-1.0).GE.1.E-7) GO TO 340 009330
000276    330  CONTINUE                         009340
000301      GO TO 460                         009350
000301    340  IF (ABS(PX1/PX2-1.).LE.1.E-7) GO TO 460 009360
000306      IF (PX1-PX2) 350,460,400       009370
C FROM LEFTORTIGHT X3(I)(PREV3)X2(I)(PX1)X(I)PX2 X1(I)P1

```

```

000310 350 DU 360 I=I,N          009470
000312 360 X1(I)=X(I)          009480
C THROW AWAY RIGHT PART
000316    P1=PX2          009490
000317    DO 370 I=1,N          009500
C POINTXP1 BECOMES XP2          009510
000321 370 X(I)=.38196601*(X1(I)-X3(I))+X3(I)          009520
C TEMPORARILY IN X STORAGE
000330    CALL EVALUS          009530
000331    GO TO (540,380,170), NSATIS          009540
000340 380 CONTINUE          009560
000340    PX2=PXI          009570
C SWITCH VECTORS TO PROPER POSITION
000342    PX1=P0          009580
000343    DO 390 I=I,N          009590
000344    XX=X2(I)          009600
000346    X2(I)=X(I)          009610
000347 390 X(I)=XX          009620
000353    GO TO 300          009630
C LEFT SIDE TOSSED AWAY          009640
C-- CHANGES FOR NONUNIMODAL FN          009650
C-- GO TO THROW AWAY RIGHT IN THIS CASEINIT VAL LT FIB PT
000353 400 IF (PREV3-PX2) 350,350,410          009660
000356 410 DO 420 I=1,N          009670
000360    X3(I)=X2(I)          009680
000362 420 X2(I)=X(I)          009690
000365    PREV3=PX1          009700
000367    PX1=PX2          009710
000370 430 DO 440 I=I,N          009720
000372 440 X(I)=.38196601*(X1(I)-X2(I))+X2(I)          009730
000401    CALL EVALUS          009740
000402    GO TO (540,450,170), NSATIS          009750
000411 450 CONTINUE          009760
000411    PX2=P0          009780
000413    GO TO 300          009790
C THE INTERIOR POINTS NOW GIVE EQUAL VALUE FOR P. COMPUTE MIDPOINT.          009800
000413 460 DO 470 I=I,N          009810
000415    OELX0(I)=X(I)          009820
000417    X(I)=(OELX0(I)+X2(I))*0.5          009830
000422 470 CONTINUE          009840
000424    CALL EVALUS          009850
000425    GO TO (480,490), KSW          009860
000433 480 IF (ABS(P0/PX1)>1.E-7) GO TO 520          009880
000441 490 GO TO (500,510), ISW          009890
000447 500 IF (P0.LT.P31) GO TO 510          009900
000452    ISW=2          009910
C IF P-FUNCTION DION,T GO DOWN TRY NEG VECT.          009920
000453    GO TO 20          009930
000453 510 RETURN          009940
000454 520 DO 530 I=I,N          009950
000456 530 X(I)=OELX0(I)          009960
000462    GO TO 350          009970
C ARE WE NOW IN FEASIBILITY PHASE          009980
000462 540 DO 550 I=I,M          009990
000464    IF (RJ(I)) 560,560,550          010000
000466 550 CONTINUE          010010
000471    NSATIS=4          010020
000472    RETURN          010030
                                         010040

```

```
C--- PROBLEM HAS BECOME FEASIBLE          010050  
C --- P - FUNCTION CHANGES IF A CONSTRAINT BECOMES FEASIBLE 010060  
000472 560 MN=0                         010070  
000473   DO 570 I=1,M                   010080  
000475 570 RJ1(I)=RJ(I)                 010090  
000501      RETURN  
C  
000501 580 FORMAT ( A0M OPT CAN'T FIND A FEASIBLE POINT, THAT GIVES A LOWER V 010100  
        VALUE OF THE P-FUNCTION. )           010110  
000501      END                           010120  
                                         010130  
                                         010140
```

```

SUBROUTINE OUTPUX (K)

C          OCTOBER 1970
C
C OUTPUT PRINTS OUT INFORMATION ON THE RESULTS OF EACH ITERATION AND THE
C SOLUTION ESTIMATES AND THE ESTIMATES OF THE LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS      010160
C
000003    COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100*100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1      010170
000003    COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ                                         010180
000003    COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10        010190
000003    COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000003    COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), OELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPS1, THETA0,
1  RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,      010200
2  PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRAO(100), DIAG(100),
3  PREV3'ADELX' NTCTR' NUMINI' NPHASE' NSATIS
000003    NZ=M+MZ                                         010290
000005    GO TO (10,20), K                                         010300
000013    10   WRITE (6,60)
000017    WRITE (6,70) NTCTR,DOTT,RHO,ADELX,NPHASE                  010310
000035    20   WRITE (6,80) F'P0'G'RSIGMA'M                         010320
000053    WRITE (6,90) (X(I),I=1,N)                                010330
000066    WRITE (6,110)
000072    GO TO (30,40), NT2                                     010340
000101    30   WRITE (6,120)
000105    WRITE (6,100) (RJ(I),I=1,NZ)                            010350
000120    GO TO 50
000122    40   WRITE (6,100) (RJ(I),I=1,NZ)                            010360
000135    50   RETURN
000136    C
000136    60   FORMAT (50H0*****)
000136    70   FORMAT (10X,6HPOINT=I4,6X,6H DOTT=E15.7,6X,4HRHO=E15.7,6X,10HMAGNI
1TUDU=E15.7,6X,6HPHASE=12)                                         010420
000136    80   FORMAT (8X,2HF=E15.7,5X,2HP=E15.7,5X,2HG=E15.7,5X,7HPS1GMA=E15.7,5
1X*2HM=E15.7)                                                 010430
000136    90   FORMAT (6X,25HTHE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS/(6E20.7))       010440
000136   100   FORMAT (6E20.7)                                         010450
000136   110   FORMAT (6X,21HTHE CONSTRAINT VALUES,                   010460
000136   120   FORMAT (28X*34HNOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES)     010470
000136   END

```

### SUBROUTINE OUTPUX (K)

```

9999  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE PEVALX

```

C          OCTOBER 1970
C
C PEVALU COMPUTES THE VALUE OF THE PENALTY FUNCTION AND THE VALUE OF THE
C DUAL USING PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED VALUES FOR F, AND RJ.
C
000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), OEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN,NPL,NM1   010540
000002      COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ                                         010550
000002      COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10        010560
000002      COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO                      010570
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/OELX(100), OELX0(100), RHO1N,RAT10, EPS1, THETA0, 010580
1      RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2      PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), OOTT, PGRAO(100), OIAG(100),
3      PREV3,AOELX, NTCTR, NUMIN1, NPHASE, NSATIS
H=0.0
RSIGMA=0.0
C NONNEGS IF INCLUDED ARE ADDED TO P--ARE POS. IN ALL PHASES
000004      GO TO (10,30), NT2                                         010690
000012      10      00 20  I=1,N                                         010700
000014      20      RSIGMA=RSIGMA-RHO*ALOG(X(I))                   010710
000024      30      GO TO (40,50,150), NPHASE                         010720
C OBJECTIVE FUNCTION - SIGMA VIOL. CONSTS.
000033      40      F=0.0                                         010730
000034      50      IF (M) 100,100,60                                010740
000036      60      00 90  J=1,M                                         010750
000040      1F (RJ(J), 80,80,70                                010760
000042      70      RSIGMA=RSIGMA-RHO*ALOG(RJ(J))                   010770
000047      GO TO 90                                         010780
000050      80      F=F-RJ(J)                                     010790
000053      90      CONTINUE                                     010800
C EQUALITIES NOT ADDED IN FEAS. PHASE
000056      100     CONTINUE                                     010810
000056      1F (MZ) 140,140,110                                010820
000060      110     GO TO (140,120,150), NPHASE                     010830
000067      120     00 130  I=1,MZ                                         010840
000071      K=M+1
000073      130     H=H+RJ(K)**2                                010850
000100      H=H/RHO                                         010860
000101      140     HS=H+RSIGMA                                010870
000103      P0=F*HS                                         010880
000105      HMS=2.*H-RHO*FLOAT(M)                            010890
000111      G=F*KMS                                         010900
000113      IF (NT2,EQ,1) G=G-RHO*FLOAT(N)                  010910
000120      150     RETURN                                     010920
000121      END                                         010930
                                                010940
                                                010950
                                                010960
                                                010970

```

```

SUBROUTINE PUNCHS

C
C          OCTOBER 1970
C
C THIS SUBROUTINE PUNCHES THE STOPPING POINTS AND ASSOCIATED PARAMETERS
C SO THAT ANOTHER RUN MAY BE MADE STARTING WHERE THE CURRENT ONE
C STOPPED
C THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED IF NT6=2
000002 COMMON /SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN=NP1,NM1 010990
000002 COMMON /EQALS/H, M1, MZ 011000
000002 COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10 011010
000002 COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO 011020
000002 COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), OELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPSI, THETA0, 011030
1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), OOTT, PGRA0(100), OIAG(100),
3 PREV3,AOELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002 COMMON/EXP0X / NEXOP1, NEXOP2, XEP1, XEP2 011040
000002 T=60.0 011050
000004 WRITE (7,10) EPSI,RHO,THETA0,RATIO,T,M,N,MZ
C TMMAX.IS SET TO 60. SECONDS
000027 NT1=3 011150
000030 WRITE (7,20) (X(I),I=1,N)
C SET RHO OPTION SO THIS VALUE OF RHO WILL BE USE FOR THE RESTART.
000043 WRITE (7,30) NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10 011170
000073 WRITE (7,20) XEP1, XEP2 011190
000103 WRITE (7,30) NEXOP1,NEXOP2
000113 RETURN 011200
C
000114 10 FORMAT (5E12.5,3I4) 011240
000114 20 FORMAT (6E12.5) 011250
000114 30 FORMAT (10I7) 011260
000114 END 011270
000114 END 011280
000114 END 011290

```

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SUBROUTINE REJECX
C OCTOBER 1970
C REJECT RETURNS THE STORED VALUES OF THE OBJECTIVE FUNCTION, THE
C CONSTRAINT FUNCTIONS AND THE PENALTY FUNCTION TO THEIR NORMAL LOCATION
000002 COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN, NP1, NM1 011310
000002 COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ 011320
000002 COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO 011330
000002 COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), DELX0(100), RHO1N,RATIO, EPS1, THETA0, 011340
000002      1 RS1G1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
000002      2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), DIAG(100),
000002      3 PREV3,ADELX, NTCTR, NUM1N1, NPHASE, NSATIS 011350
000002      DO 10 J=1,N
000004 10      X(1)=X1(1) 011430
000010      MMZ=M+MZ 011440
000012      DO 20 J=1,MMZ 011450
000013 20      RJ(J)=RJ1(J) 011460
000017      P0=P1 011470
000020      RSIGMA=RSIG1 011480
000022      G=G} 011490
000023      F=F} 011500
000025      H=H1 011510
000026      RETURN 011520
000027      END 011530
                                         011540

```

SUBROUTINE RHOCOX

C C OCTOBER 1970

C C SUBROUTINE TO COMPUTE INITIAL RHO VALUE  
CONTROLLED BY COL. 7 ON OPTION CAR0

000002 COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN,NP1,NM1  
000002 COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10  
000002 COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ,200, RHO  
000002 COMMON/CRSTS/OELX(100), OELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPS1, THETA0,  
1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,  
2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ,1(200), OOTT, PGRAO(100), OIAG(100),  
3 PREV3,AOELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPASE, NSATIS  
000002 GO TO {110'50'10'190}, NT1

000002 RHO=RHOIN

888814 10 IF (RHO) 30,30,40

000016 30 RHO=1.

000020 40 RETURN

000021 50 NPAR1=1

000022 60 RHO=1.  
C 2 MEANS RHO WHICH MINIMIZES GRADIENT MAG.  
CALL GRADS(2)  
00 70 I=1,N

000027 70 PGRAD(1)=OELX0(1)  
000033 RHO=2.  
C 3 MEANS COMPUTE RHO SO AS TO MINIMIZE OEL P(/DDP/1.)DEL P

000034 CALL GRADS(2)  
00 80 I=1,N

000036 OELX0(1)=OELX0(I)-PGRAO(1)

000040 80 PGRAO(1)=PGRAO(1)-DELX0(1)  
000042 GO TO (90'130), NPAR1

000046 90 OOT1=0.  
000054 90 OOT2=0.  
000055 00 100 I=1,N  
000057 OOT1=OOT1+OELX0(I)\*PGRAO(1)  
000062 100 OOT2=OOT2+OELX0(I)\*\*2  
000067 RHO=ABS(OOT1/OOT2)  
000071 GO TO 20

000072 110 NPAR2=1  
000073 120 NPAR1=2  
C USE OF AND OR SUBROUTINE  
000074 GO TO 60  
000075 130 RHO=1.  
C ASSUME SIGMA TERM IS CONSL0. GRTER THAN F TERM  
CALL SECORX (2)  
00 140 I=1,N

000100 00 140 I=1,N  
000102 140 OELX(1)=PGRAO(1)  
000106 CALL INVERX (1)  
000107 00 150 I=1,N  
000111 X1(I)=OELX(1)  
000113 150 OELX(1)=OELX0(1)  
000116 CALL SECORX (2)  
000120 CALL INVERX (1)  
000122 00 160 I=1,N  
000124 160 XR2(I)=OELX(1)  
000130 GO TO (170,200), NPAR2  
000136 170 OOT1=0.

000137	DOT2=0.	012120
000140	DO 180 I=1,N	012130
000141	DOT1=DOT1+PGRAD(I)*X1(I)	012140
000144 180	DOT2=DOT2+DELX0(I)*XR2(I)	012150
000151	RHO=SQRT(ABS(DOT1/DOT2))	012160
000156	GO TO 20	012170
000156 190	NPAR2=2	012180
000157 C	RHO MINIMIZES 2ND ORDER MOVE	012190
000157	GO TO 120	012200
000160 200	C USES INTERNAL SUM. TO COM /DOP/-1 DF AND /DOP/- DR	012210
000161	DOT1=0.0	012220
000162	DOT2=0.0	012230
000162 210	DO 210 I=1,N	012240
000163	DOT1=X1(I)**2+DOT1	012250
000166 210	DOT2=X1(I)*XR2(I)+DOT2	012260
000172	RHO=ABS(DOT1/DOT2)	012270
000175	GO TO 20	012280
000175	END	012290

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SURROUTINE SECORX(IS)                                012310
C                                                    012320
C          OCTOBER 1970                               012330
C                                                    012340
C SECORD EVALUATES THE MATRIX OF SECOND PARTIALS OF THE PENALTY 012350
C FUNCTION.                                              012360
C- (1) MEANS DONT COMPUTE GRAD. OUTER PRODUCT(IN SECORD) 012370
000003 COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DFL(100), A(100,100),N,M, MN,NP1,NM1
000003 COMMON /EQALS/H, H1, MZ
000003 COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1, NT2, NT3, NT4, NT5, NT6, NT7, NT8, NT9, NT10
000003 COMMON /VALUES/F, G, 0, RS1GMA, RJ(200), RHO
000003 COMMON/CRSTS/DELX(100), DFLX(100), RHOIN, RATIO, EPS1, THETA0,
1 RS1G1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
2 PR2, P1, F1, RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), D1AG(100),
3 PREV3, ADELX, NTCTR, NUMIN1, NPHASE, NSAT1$                                012460
000003 DO 10 I=1,N
000005 DO 10 J=I,N
000006 10 A(I,J)=0.
000017 GO TO (230,20), IS
CGRAD. TERM NOT PHEV. COMPUTED
000024 20 DO 30 I=1,N
000026 DO 30 J=1,I
000027 A(I,J)=0.0
000033 30 CONTINUE
000037 GO TO (40,60), NT2
000045 40 DO 50 I=1,N
000047 50 A(I,I)=RHO/X(1)**2
000060 60 CONTINUE
000060 IF (M,LE,0) GO TO 130
000062 DO 120 IN=1,M
000063 IF (RJ(IN)) 120,120,70
000065 70 CALL GRAD1S{1}N
000067 TT=RHO/RJ(IN)**2
000072 DO 110 I=1,N
000074 IF (DEL(I)) 80,110,80
000075 80 T=TT*DEL(I)
000100 DO 100 J=1,I
000101 IF (DEL(J)) 90,100,90
000102 90 A(I,J)=A(I,J)+T*DEL(J)
000110 100 CONTINUE
000113 110 CONTINUE
000116 120 CONTINUE
C EQUALITY CONSTRAINTS
000121 130 IF (MZ) 210,210,140
000123 140 GO TO (210,150,230), NPHASE
000132 150 RQ=2./RHO
000134 DO 200 JJ=1,MZ
000136 IN=M+JJ
000140 CALL GRAD1S(IN)
000141 DO 190 I=1,N
000144 IF (DEL(I)) 160,190,160
000145 160 T=RQ*DEL(I)
000150 DO 180 J=1,I
000151 IF (DEL(J)) 170,180,170
000152 170 A(I,J)=A(I,J)+T*DEL(J)
000160 180 CONTINUE

```

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000163 190  CONTINUE          012870
000166 200  CONTINUE          012880
000170 210  DO 220 I=1,N      012890
000172   OIAG(I)=A(I,I)
000176 220  A(I,I)=0.
C  READY NOW FOR MATRIX OF 2ND PARTIALS OF RESTRAINTS 012900
000203 230  GO TO (240,510,520), NT10 012910
000212 240  IF (M.LE.0) GO TO 340 012920
000214   DO 330 IN=1,M 012930
000215   LORN=2 012940
C CONSTRAINT ASSUMED NONLINEAR 012950
000216   CALL MATRXX (IN,LORN) 012960
000224   IF (LDRN.LT.2) GO TO 330 012970
000227   IF (RJ(IN).GT.0.0) GO TO 280
000230   DO 260 I=2,N
000232     IM1=I-1
000233     DO 260 J=1,IM1
000236   250  IF (A(J,I)) 250,260,250
000236   250  A(I,J)=A(I,J)-A(J,I)
000245   260  A(J,I)=0.
000247   260  CONTINUE
000254   260  DO 270 I=1,N
000256   270  D1AG(I)=DIAG(I)-A(I,I)
000262   270  A(I,I)=0.0
000270   270  GO TO 330
000270   280  T=-RHO/RJ(IN)
000273   280  DO 300 I=2,N
000274     IM1=I-1
000276     DO 300 J=1,IM1
000277     IF (A(J,I)) 290,300,290
000302   290  A(I,J)=A(I,J)+T*A(J,I)
000312   290  A(J,I)=0.
000315   300  CONTINUE
000322   300  DO 320 I=1,N
000324   320  IF (A(I,I)) 310,320,310
000327   310  OIAG(I)=OIAG(I)+T*A(I,I)
000335   310  A(I,I)=0.
000340   320  CONTINUE
000343   330  CONTINUE
000346   340  CONTINUE
000346   350  GO TO (520,350,520), NPHASE
000355   350  IF (MZ.EQ.0) GO TO 420
000355   C--  EQUALITY SECOND PARTIALS HERE
000356   360  IF (NT10.GE.2) GO TO 420
000361   360  IN=M+II
000362   360  LORN=2
000364   360  CALL MATRXX (IN,LORN)
000365   360  IF (LORN.LT.2) GO TO 410
000367   360  T=2*RJ(IN)/RHO
000373   360  DO 380 I=2,N
000376   360  IM1=I-1
000377   360  DO 370 J=1,IM1
000401   360  IF (A(J,I)) 360,370,360
000402   360  A(I,J)=A(I,J)+T*A(J,I)
000405   360  A(J,I)=0.0
000415   370  CONTINUE
000420   370  CONTINUE
000423   380  CONTINUE

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000425      DO 400 I=1,N          013450
000427      IF (A(I,I)) 390,400,390 013460
000432      390  DIAG(I)=DIAG(I)+T*A(I,I) 013470
000440      A(I,I)=0.0          013480
000443      400  CONTINUE       013490
000446      410  CONTINUE       013500
C   GET MATRIX OF 2ND PARTIALS OF OBJECTIVE FUNCTION
000451      420  LLL=2          013510
000452      CALL MATRXX( 0,LLL)    013520
000454      IF (LLL.LT.5) GO TO 490 013540
000460      DO 440 I=2,N          013550
000461      IMI=I-I          013560
000463      DO 440 J=I,IMI       013570
000464      IF (A(J,J)) 430,440,430 013580
000467      430  A(I,J)=A(I,J)+A(J,I) 013590
000476      440  A(J,I)=A(I,J)       013600
000511      DO 470 I=I,N          013610
000513      IF (A(I,I)) 450,460,450 013620
000516      450  A(I,I)=DIAG(I)+A(I,I) 013630
000522      GO TO 470          013640
000523      460  A(I,I)=DIAG(I)    013650
000527      470  CONTINUE       013660
000532      480  RETURN        013670
000533      490  DO 500 I=I,N      013680
000535      A(I,I)=DIAG(I)    013690
000541      DO 500 J=I,N          013700
000542      500  A(I,J)=A(J,I)    013710
000556      GO TO 480          013720
000558      510  GO TO (520,350,350), NPHASE 013730
000563      520  DO 530 I=2,N      013740
000567      IM1=I-1          013750
000571      DO 530 J=1*IM1     013760
000572      A(J,I)=A(I,J)    013770
000606      DO 540 I=1,N          013780
000607      540  A(I,I)=DIAG(I)  013790
000616      GO TO 480          013800
000617      END                013810

```

```

SUBROUTINE SETS(TMMAX)
C
C      FEBRUARY 1971
C
C      C SET STORES THE TIME AT WHICH THE PROBLEM IS BEGUN
000003    COMMON /TSWS/NSWW          013830
000003    COMMON /TMXS/TMO,EXT,EXT90 013840
C
C      C SECOND GIVES JOB CPU EXECUTION TIME IN 1/1000 OF A SECOND
C
000003    CALL SECOND (TMO)          013850
000003    EXT=TMAXX+TMO            013860
000005    EXT90= TMO + 0.90*TMAXX 013890
000007    NSWW=1                   013900
000012    RETURN                  013910
000013    END                      013920
000013
000014

```

## SUBROUTINE STORES

```

C          OCTOBER 1970                               013990
C
C STORE STORES THE VALUES OF THE CURRENT POINT AND THE ASSOCIATED      014000
C VALUES OF THE FUNCTIONS IN A TEMPORARY AREA.                           014010
C
000002 COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DEL(100), A(100,100), N,M, MN,NP1,NM1 014020
000002 COMMON /EQUALS/H, H1, MZ
000002 COMMON /VALUES/F,G,P0,RSIGMA, RJ(200), RHO
000002 COMMON /CRSTS/DELX(100), DELX0(100), RHOIN,RATIO, EPSI, THETA0,
000002   1 RSIG1, G1, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XR1(100), PR1,
000002   2 PR2,P1, F1, RJ(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), DIAG(100),
000002   3 PREV3,ADELX, NTCTR, NUMINI, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002
000004    10 DO 10 I=1,N                               014110
000004      X1(I)=X(I)
000010      MMZ=M*MZ
000012      DO 20 J=1,MMZ                           014130
000013    20  BJ1(J)=RJ(J)                           014140
000017      P1=0
000020      F1=F
000022      G1=G
000023      RSIG1=RSIGMA
000025    25  H1=H
000026      RETURN
000027      END                                     014150
                                                014160
                                                014170
                                                014180
                                                014190
                                                014200
                                                014210
                                                014220

```

```

SUBROUTINE TCHFCX          014240
C                           014250
C                           014260
C                           014270
C                           014280
C                           014290
C
C   TCHECK CHECKS THE NUMBER OF SECONDS THAT HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE START
C   OF THE PROBLEM. IF THE SOLUTION IS TAKING LONGER THAN 90 PER-CENT
C   OF THE ESTIMATED MAXIMUM TIME, A SWITCH IS SET TO GIVE MORE OUTPUT.
C
000002      COMMON /OPTNSS/NT1,NT2,NT3,NT4,NT5,NT6,NT7,NT8,NT9,NT10
000002      COMMON /TSWS/NSWW
000002      COMMON /TMXS/TMO,EXT,EXT90
000002      CALL SECOND (SECS)
000004      IF (SECS.LT.EXT90) RETURN
000007      C GETTING CLOSE TO EXCEEDING THE TIME LIMIT SET OUTPUT OPTION TO GIVE
000010      C MORE OUTPUT.
000012      NT3=2
000012      X=SECS - TMO
000012      WRITE(6,10) X
000020      10 FORMAT (6X,5H TIME=,F9.3,8H SECONDS )
000020      IF (SECS .GT. EXT) NSWW=2
000024      CALL OUTPUX (1)
000026      RETURN
000027      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE TIMECS          014460
C                         014470
C                         014480
C                         014490
C                         014500
C                         014490
C                         014500
C                         014510
C                         014520
C
FEBUARY 1971               014550
C
C TIMEC CHECKS THE NUMBER OF SECONDS THAT HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE START
C OF THE PROBLEM. IT PRINTS THIS NUMBER. IF THE SOLUTION IS TAKING
C TIMEC CHECKS THE NUMBER OF SECONDS THAT HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE START
C OF THE PROBLEM. IT PRINTS THIS NUMBER. IF THE SOLUTION IS TAKING
C LONGER THAN THE ESTIMATED MAXIMUM TIME, A SWITCH IS SET TO TERMINATE
C THE RUN.                  014560
COMMON /TSWS,NSWW           014570
COMMON /TMXS/TMO,EXT,EXT90 014580
C                         014590
C SECOND GIVES JOB CPU EXECUTION TIME IN 1/1000 OF A SECOND
C
CALL SECOND (SECS)          014610
X=SECS-TMO
000006 WRITE (6,20) X
000014 IF (SECS.LT.EXT) GO TO 10
000017 NSWW=2
000020 10 RETURN
C
000021 20 FORMAT (6X,5HTIME=F9•3,8H SECONDS)
000021 END

```

SUBROUTINE XMOVEFS

```

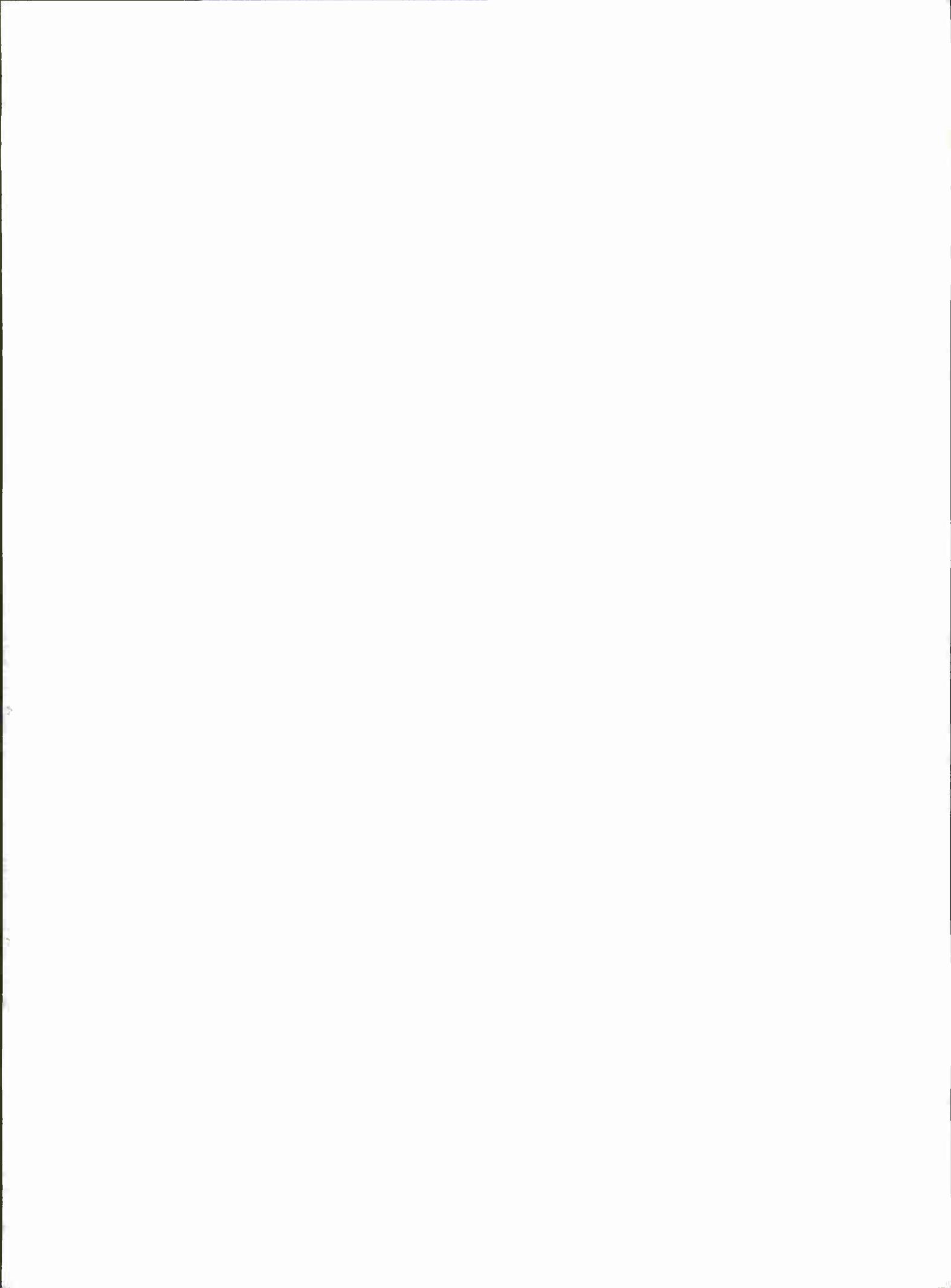
C          MARCH 1971
C
C XMOVE DETERMINES THE VECTOR ALONG WHICH THE SEARCH FOR A MINIMUM IS
C USING DPT.
000002      COMMON/SHARES/X(100), DFL(100), A(100,100), N, M, MN, NP1, NM1
000002      COMMON/CRSTS/DFLX(100), OFLX0(100), RMDIN, RAT10, EPS1, THETA0,
I      RSIGI, GI, X1(100), X2(100), X3(100), XR2(100), XRI(100), PR1,
2      PR2*PI* FI* RJ1(200), DOTT, PGRAD(100), OIAG(100)
3      PRFV3, ADELX, NTCTR, NUMIN1, NPHASE, NSATIS
000002      COMMON/EXPDMX / NEXOP1, NXDP2, XEP1, XEP2
000002      COMMON /XVFS/STG(100), YY(100), XXX(100), DELL(100)
C--NEXOP2 DETERMINES HOW MOVE IS TO BE MADE
C NEXOP2 = 1 USE MODIFIED NEWTON RAPHSON METHOD.
C           = 2 USE MODIFIED NEWTON RAPHSON METHOD. BUT ADD DELX0 TO
C           ORTHOGONAL MOVE VECTOR IF HESSIAN IS INDEFINITE.
C           = 3 USE STEEPEST DESCENT METHOD.
C           = 4 USE MCCORMICK'S MODIFICATION OF THE FLETCHER-POWELL
C           METHOD.
000002      GU TO (I0,I0,IA0,30), NEXOP2
C--NEWTON -RAPH WITH WHATEVER METHOD IS IN INVERSE
000012      10 CALL GRADS(1)
C--DNE (I) MEANS ACCUMULATE MATRIX OF SECOND PARTIAL DERIVATIVES
000014      CALL SECORX (I)
000016      DO 20 I=1,N
000020      20 DELX(I)=DELX0(I)
000024      CALL INVERX(I)
C IF A NONPOSITIVE PIVOT IS ENCOUNTERED IN INVERSE AN ATTEMPT IS MADE TO
C COMPUTE A VECTOR HAVING A POSITIVE DOT PRODUCT WITH A NEGATIVE
C FIGENVECTOR AND THE NEGATIVE OF DEL P.
000025      CALL STORES
000026      CALL OPTS
000027      RETURN
C--F-P-D-MCC MOVE
000030      30 CALL GRAOS(2)
C--MN IS NO. OF MOVES FOR THIS VALUE OF RHO
000032      IF (MN,NE,0) GO TO 70
000033      40 IREP=0
000034      IT=0
C--SET INITIAL GUESS INVERS MATRIX OF SECOND PARTIAL DERIVATIVES
C-- USE PARTIAL INVERSE IF KNOWN
000035      DO 50 I=1,N
000036      DO 50 J=I,N
000037      50 A(I,J)=0.0
000038      DO 60 I=1,N
000039      60 A(I,1)=1.0
000040      DO 70 I=1,N
000041      70 DO 80 J=I,N
000042      80 DELX(I)=DELX0(I)
000043      IF (IREP.GT.N) GO TO 40
000044      1F (IT.EQ.0) GO TO 130
000045      DO 90 I=1,N
000046      90 SIG(I)=X(I)-XXX(I)
000047      90 YY(I)=DELL(I)-DELX0(I)
C--NEGATIVE GRADIENT STORED AND COMPUTED
C--COMPUTE HY
000048      DO 100 I=1,N

```

```

000104      DELX(1)=0.0          015180
000105      DO 100 J=1,N        015190
000107 100    DELX(I)=DELX(1)+A(I,J)*YY(J) 015200
C--COMPUTE Y(SIG -HY)-1
000122      ZCON=0.0          015210
000123      DO 110 I=1,N        015220
000124 110    ZCON=ZCON+YY(I)*(SIG(I)-DELX(I)) 015230
000132      IF (ZCON.EQ.0.0) GO TO 130 015240
000133      IREP=IREP+1        015250
000135      ZC=1./ZCON        015260
C-- UPDATE H MATRIX USING MCC FORMULA WHEN SCALAR NE 0 015270
000136      00 120 I=1,N        015280
000140      T1=ZC*(SIG(I)-DELX(I)) 015290
000143      DO 120 J=1,N        015300
000144 120    A(I,J)=A(I,J)+T1*(-OELX(J)+SIG(J)) 015310
000153      A(J,I)=A(I,J)        015320
C-- STORE CURRENT POINT AND CURRENT GRADIENT (NEG) 015330
000165      130    DO 140 I=1,N        015340
000167      XXX(1)=X(1)        015350
000171 140    DELL(I)=OELX0(I) 015360
000174      00 150 I=1,N        015370
000176      DELX(1)=0.0          015380
000177      DO 150 J=1,N        015390
000201 150    DELX(I)=OELX(I)+A(I,J)*OELX0(J) 015400
000214      ZC1=0.0          015410
000215      00 160 I=1,N        015420
000216 160    ZC1=OELX(I)**2+ZC1 015430
000223      ZC1=SQRT(ZC1)        015440
000225      DO 170 I=1,N        015450
000226 170    DELX(I)=OELX(I)/ZC1 015460
000232      CALL STORES        015470
000233      CALL OPTS          015500
000234      IT=IT+1          015510
000236      RETURN            015520
000236 180    CONTINUE          015530
C STEEPEST DESCENT
000238      CALL GRADS(<)        015550
000242 190    OELX(I)=OELX0(I) 015560
000246      CALL STORES          015590
000247      CALL OPTS          015600
000250      RETURN            ENO
000251

```



User-Supplied Subroutines for Inside Programs

SUBROUTINE READIX  
000002 9999 CONTINUE  
000002 RETURN  
000003 END

```

000005      SUBROUTINE RESTNX(IN,VAL)
000005      COMMON/PROB/ISP
000005      COMMON/IN/W(100)
000005      COMMON/SHARES/X(100),DEL(100),A(100,100),N,M,MN,NP1,NM1
000005      IF(ISP=1)1000,1000,2000
000007 1000 FN=N
000011      VAL=0.
000011      IF(IN)1100,1100,1200
000013 1100 DO 1150 J=1,N
000015 1150 VAL=VAL+W(J)*(X(J)-2.)*2
000023      GO TO 9999
000024      1200 VAL=FN
000025      DO 1250 J=1,N
000027 1250 VAL=VAL-X(J)
000033      GO TO 9999
000033      2000 FN=N
000035      VAL=0.
000035      IF(IN)2100,2100,2200
000037 2100 DO 2150 J=1,N
000041 2150 VAL = VAL + W(J)**.5 * (X(J)-2.)*2
000053      GO TO 9999
000054      2200 VAL=FN
000055      DO 2250 J=1,N
000057 2250 VAL=VAL-X(J)**2
000063      GO TO 9999
000064      9999 CONTINUE
000064      RETURN
000065      END

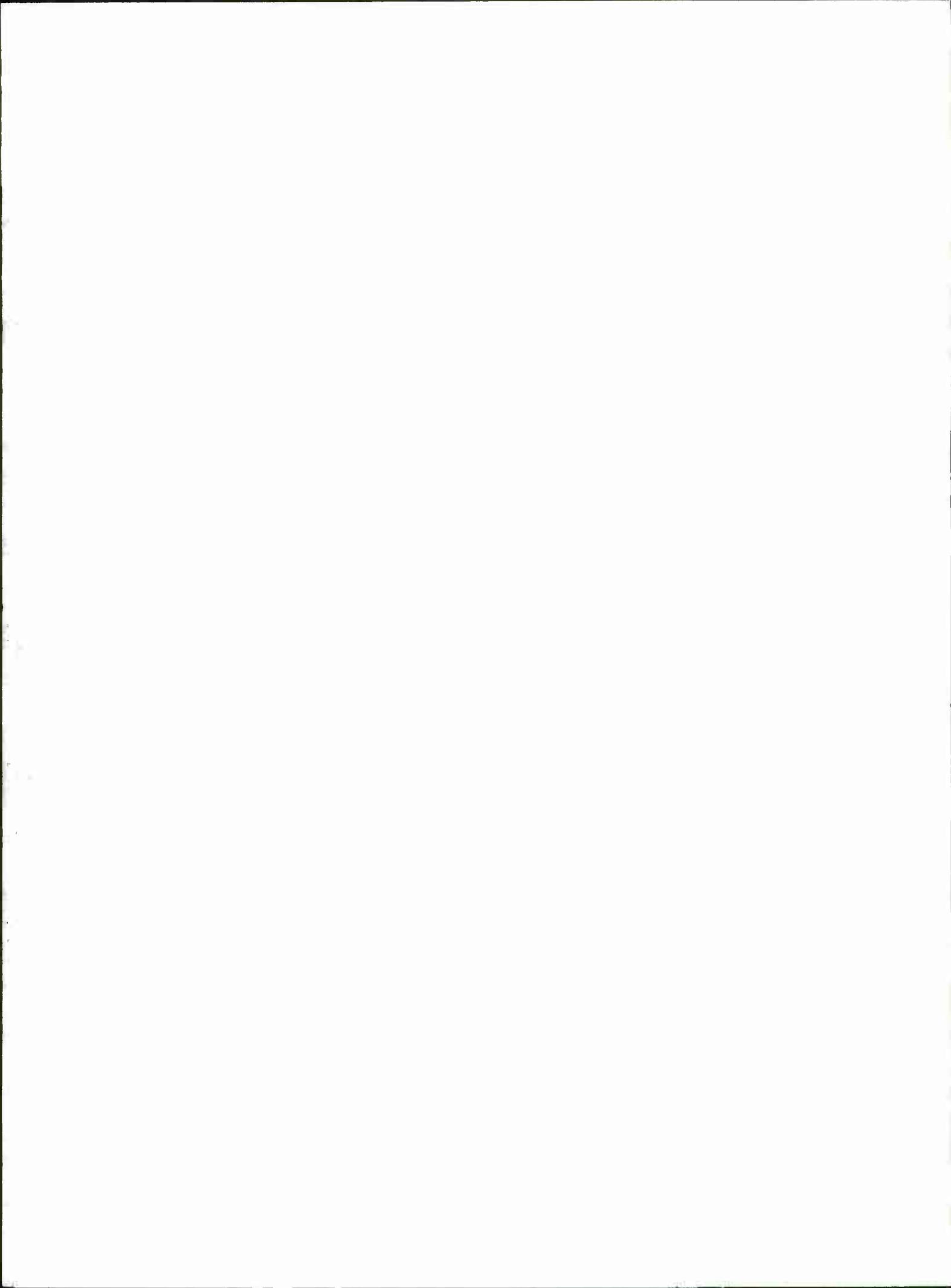
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```

        SURROUTINE GRADIS(IN)
COMMON/PROB/ISP
COMMON/IN/W(100)
COMMON/SHARES/X(100),DEL(100),A(100,100),N,M,MN,NP1,NM1
      DO 500 J=1,N
 500 DEL(J)=0.
      IF(ISP-1)1000,1000,2000
 1000 IF(IN)1100,1100,1200
 1100 DO 1150 J=1,N
 1150 DEL(J) = 2.*W(J)*(X(J)-2.)
      GO TO 9999
 1200 DO 1250 J=1,N
 1250 DEL(J)=-1.
      GO TO 9999
 2000 IF(IN)2100,2100,2200
 2100 DO 2150 J=1,N
 2150 DEL(J) = 2.*W(J)**.5 *(X(J)-2.)
      GO TO 9999
 2200 DO 2250 J=1,N
 2250 DEL(J) =-2.*X(J)
      GO TO 9999
 9999 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

```
SUBROUTINE MATRXX (IN,L)
000005 COMMON/PROB/ISP
000005 COMMON/IN/W(100)
000005 COMMON/SHARES/X(100),DEL(100),A(100,100),N,M,MN,NP1,NM1
000005 IF(ISP-1)1000,1000,2000
000007 1000 IF(IN)1100,1100,1200
000011 1100 DO 1150 J=1,N
000013 1150 A(J,J)=2.*W(J)
000023 GO TO 9999
000023 1200 CONTINUE
000023 GO TO 9999
000024 2000 IF(IN)2100,2100,2200
000026 2100 DO 2150 J=1,N
000030 2150 A(J,J)=2.*W(J)**.5
000044 GO TO 9999
000045 2200 DO 2250 J=1,N
000047 2250 A(J,J)=-2.
000056 GO TO 9999
000056 9999 CONTINUE
000056 RETURN
000057 END
```



## USER-SUPPLIED INFORMATION CARDS AND RESULTS PRINTING OUT ALL POINTS OF INSIDE PROGRAMS

It is useful in debugging the overall program and in increasing solution efficiency to print out the solutions of the inside programs, preferably all points. The starting points of the inside programs should be feasible, which is dependent upon the starting point of the outside program. The starting point of the outside program should also be feasible. The solutions of the inside program for the starting point of the outside program should be examined. Also, several points of the outside program, and the corresponding inside program solutions, should be examined.

The SUB computer program, leaving in the statements for printing of points of the inside program, provides the opportunity to accomplish the above, when used with the user-supplied information cards given here.

User-supplied information cards are: parameter card, initial starting point, option card, tolerance card and second option card. Three sets of user-supplied information cards are necessary for the example problem.

The outside program has, on the parameter card, information that EPSI = 1.E-05, RHOIN = 10., THETA0 = 1.E-05, RATIO = 10., TMMAX = 360., M = 2, N = 4, MZ = 0. The initial starting point is  $x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = x_4 = 4$ . The option card indicates that all points of the outside program are to be printed out (Option 3 = 2), and that there is at least one nonlinear constraint (Option 10 = 1). The tolerance card indicates that for numerical differentiation and control of P-function minimization the tolerances are .001. Finally, the second option card indicates that the problem is to be solved without checking first derivatives (Option 1 = 1), and that steepest descent is used to minimize the P-function (Option 2 = 3).

The inside program information cards are similar, with the following exceptions. Each problem has one constraint ( $M = 1$ ). The starting points are  $v_1 = v_2 = v_3 = v_4 = .5$ . The first option cards indicate that all subproblem solutions of the inside programs are to be printed out (Option 3 = 1). The first option cards also indicate that the first inside program has all linear constraints (Option 10 = 2) and the second inside program has at least one non-linear constraint (Option 10 = 1). The second option cards for both inside programs indicate that the second-order method, called generalized Newton-Raphson, is used to minimize the P-function (Option 2 = 1).

The printout of results gives initial information for the outside program.

It indicates that Problem A is being solved. It gives initial information for Problem A, noting that SUB is used. It solves Problem A for the initial starting point of the outside program, requiring 16 points, and indicates that Problem A is solved.

It indicates that Problem B is being solved. It gives initial information for Problem B, noting that SUB is used. It solves Problem B for the initial starting point of the outside program, requiring 16 points, and indicates that Problem B is solved.

It prints out information for the outside program, namely the starting point values of the constraints found by solving Problem A and Problem B, and the feasible starting point to be used in the overall procedure.

It then prints that Problem A is being solved. The initial information is not printed this time, however, it having been bypassed in SUB after the first time. Again, Problem A is solved. The printout is given up to point 4 of this solution. The remainder, not included here, is similar for more points of the outside program.

User-Supplied Information Cards

$1.E-05$	$10.$	$1.E-05$	$10.$	$360.$	2	4	0
$4.$	$4.$	$4.$	$4.$				
3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001
1	3						
$1.E-05$	$100.$	$1.E-05$	$10.$	$180.$	1	4	0
$.5$	$.5$	$.5$	$.5$	$.5$			
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001
1	1						
$1.E-05$	$100.$	$1.E-05$	$10.$	$180.$	1	4	0
$.5$	$.5$	$.5$	$.5$	$.5$			
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001
1	1						

Printout of Results

NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUNT VERSION 4 3/22/71

N= 4 M= 2 HZ= 0  
MAX. TIME= 3.600000E+02 R= 1.000000E+01 RATIO= 1.000000E+01 EPSILON= 1.0000000E-05 THETA= 1.0000000E-05

OPTIONS SELECTED

3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

TOLERANCES 1.000000E-03 1.000000E-03

SECOND SET OF OPTIONS

TIME= 3 .025 SECONDS



## NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUHT VERSION 4 SUB

```

N= 4   H= 1   MZ= 0
MAX. TIME= 1.800000E+02   P= 1.000000E+02
RATIO= 1.000000E+01   EPSILON= 1.000000E-05
THETA= 1.000000E-05

OPTIONS SELECTED
 3   1   1   1   1   1   1   2
TOLERANCES
 1.000000E-03   1.000000E-03

SECOND SET OF OPTIONS
TIME= 1   0.000 SECONDS
F= 3.000000E+01   P= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15
5.000000E-01   5.000000E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES5 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.000000E+00
TIME= .014 SECONDS
*****THE FEASIBLE STARTING POINT TO BE USED IS ***
F= 3.000000E+01   P= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15
5.000000E-01   5.000000E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES5 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.000000E+00
TIME= .013 SECONDS
*****
POINT= 2   DOTT= 6.4890716E-07   RHO= 1.000000E+02   RSIGMA= 2.3681602E-02   PHASE= 2
F= 2.2595466E+01   P= 1.3438514E+02   G= -4.7740451E+02   RSIGMA= 1.1178945E+02   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15
8.116325E-01   8.1163225E-01   8.1163225E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES5 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
7.534709E-01
TIME= .145 SECONDS
*****
LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
LFA= 2.2595466E+01   P= 1.3438514E+02   G= -4.7740451E+02   RSIGMA= 1.1178945E+02
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15
1.232081E+02   1.2320851E+02   1.2320851E+02
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES5 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
1.327191E+02
TIME= .145 SECONDS
*****
POINT= 4   DOTT= 1.3778905E-07   RHO= 1.000000E+01   RSIGMA= 5.0772586E-03   PHASE= 2
F= 2.0166114E+01   P= 3.2520721E+01   G= -2.9833886E+01   RSIGMA= 1.2254607E+01   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15
8.773329E-01   8.7733258E-01   8.7733258E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES5 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
4.9066966E-01

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.9904710E+01   P= 2.1202452E+01   G= 1.9896184E+01   RSIGMA= 0.   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15

```

```

8.8463262E-01 R=8463262E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NDN=NEGATIVITIES
4.6146952E-01

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 1.990710E+01 P= 2.1202452E+01 G= 1.9896184E+01 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.139186E+01 1.1398186E+01 1.1398186E+01 H= 0.
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING TIME NDN=NEGATIVITIES
2.0380310E+01
TIME= .233 SECONDS

*****+
POINT= 6 DOT= 3.6201352E-07 HHO= 1.0000000E+00 MAGNITUDE= 1.1263842E-02 PHASE= 2
F= 1.6876951E+01 P= 1.9210771E+01 G= 1.1876951E+01 RSIGMA= 2.333A206F+00 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.729608E-01 9.7296084E-01 9.7296084E-01 /
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING TIME NDN=NEGATIVITIES
1.0815663E+01

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.643058E+01 P= 1.7696832E+01 G= 1.6511488E+01 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.845573E-01 9.845573E-01 9.845573E-01 H= 0.
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING TIME NDN=NEGATIVITIES
6.1657062E-02

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.6525552E+01 P= 1.7731888E+01 G= 1.6511488E+01 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.835620E-01 9.835620E-01 9.835620E-01 H= 0.
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING TIME NDN=NEGATIVITIES
6.565187E-02

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 1.6525552E+01 P= 1.7731888E+01 G= 1.6511488E+01 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.0277906E+00 1.0277906E+00 1.0277906E+00 H= 0.
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING TIME NDN=NEGATIVITIES
9.2458498E+00
TIME= .335 SECONDS

*****+
POINT= 8 DOT= 5.541287E-08 HHO= 1.0000000E+01 MAGNITUDE= 1.2121983E-02 PHASE= 2
F= 1.6098637E+01 P= 1.6535999E+01 G= 1.559R637E+01 RSIGMA= 4.096222E-01 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.969234E-01 9.969234E-01 9.969234E-01 H= 0.
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING TIME NDN=NEGATIVITIES
1.2310625E-02

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.6008118E+01 P= 1.62227761E+01 G= 1.6012157E+01 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.9974633E-01 9.9974633E-01 9.9974633E-01 H= 0.

```

THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $1.0146632E-03$

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 1.6013291E+01$      $P = 1.6242802E+01$      $G = 1.6012157E+01$      $R5IGMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$      $1.0030872E-01$      $1.0030872E-01$      $1.0030872E-01$   
 $9.9958473E-01$      $y.9958473E-01$      $9.9958473E-01$      $9.9958473E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $1.6610664E+03$

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
 $F = 1.6013291E+01$      $P = 1.6242802E+01$      $G = 1.6012157E+01$      $R5IGMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$      $1.0030872E-01$      $1.0030872E-01$      $1.0030872E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $8.123064E+00$   
 TIME=     $4.33$  SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
 POINT= 10    OOTI= 0071= 5.8714669E-09    RHO= 1.0000000E-02    R5IGMA= 1.2220563E-02    PHASE= 2  
 $F = 1.6009988E+01$      $P = 1.6076860E+01$      $G = 1.5959988E+01$      $R5IGMA = 6.6871855E-02$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$      $9.9968791E-01$      $y.99968791E-01$      $9.9968791E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $1.248346E-03$

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 1.6000021E+01$      $P = 1.6023249E+01$      $G = 1.6000139E+01$      $R5IGMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$      $9.999935E-01$      $y.9999935E-01$      $9.9999935E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.6177795E-06$

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 1.6000154E+01$      $P = 1.6025445E+01$      $G = 1.6000139E+01$      $R5IGMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$      $1.0003122E-02$      $1.0003122E-02$      $1.0003122E-02$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.006089E+00$   
 TIME=     $5.27$  SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
 POINT= 12    OOTI= 1.9072345E-08    RHO= 1.0000000E-03    R5IGMA= 7.019356E-02    PHASE= 2  
 $F = 1.6001001E+01$      $P = 1.6009987E+01$      $G = 1.5996001E+01$      $R5IGMA = 6.9861545E-03$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$      $9.9996871E-01$      $y.99996871E-01$      $9.9996871E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES

1.2514601E-04 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 1.600001E-01 P= 1.6002326E+01 G= 1.6000003E+01 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.999996E-01 9.999996E-01 9.999996E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
1.5571086E-07

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 1.600003E-01 P= 1.6002557E+01 G= 1.6000003E+01 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.999991E-01 9.9999991E-01 9.9999991E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
3.4617658E-07

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
F= 1.6000003E-01 P= 1.6002557E+01 G= 1.6000003E+01 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.000013E-03 1.0000313E-03 1.0000313E-03  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
7.990666E+00 TIME= .018 SECONDS  
\*\*\*\*\*  
POINT= 14 00TT= 3.4340067E-07 RHO= 1.0000000E-04 MAGNITUDE= 8.8571925E-01  
F= 1.6000098E-01 P= 1.6001229E+01 G= 1.5999959E+01 RSIGMA= 1.1312673E-03 PHASE= 2  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 9.999695E-01 9.9999695E-01 9.9999695E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
1.2217264E-05

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 1.5999997E-01 P= 1.6000233E+01 G= 1.5999997E+01 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
-3.3720913E-07

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 1.5999997E-01 P= 1.6000256E+01 G= 1.5999997E+01 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
-3.3037527E-07

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
F= 1.5999997E-01 P= 1.6000256E+01 G= 1.5999997E+01 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.0000031E-04 1.0000031E-04 1.0000031E-04  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
8.1051389E-00

```

TIME= .796 SECONDS
***** POINT 16 *****
    F= 1.6000009E+01   P= 1.6627993E-07   RHO= 1.0000000E-05   RSIGMA= 1.8275368E+00   PHASE= 2
    THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS
    1.6000146E+01   G= 1.5999959E+01   RSIGMA= 1.3655964E-04   H= 0.
    9.999971E-01   Y= 9.999971E-01   9.9999971E-01   9.9999971E-01

THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
1.1729808E-06

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.6000000E+01   P= 1.6000023E+01   G= 1.6000000E+01   RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS
1.000000E+00   1.0000000E+00   1.0000000E+00   1.0000000E+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-5.1371686E-08

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.6000000E+01   P= 1.6000026E+01   G= 1.6000000E+01   RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS
1.000000E+00   1.0000000E+00   1.0000000E+00   1.0000000E+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-5.4161688E-08

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 1.6000000E+01   P= 1.6000026E+01   G= 1.6000000E+01   RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS
1.0000003E+05   1.0000003E-05   1.0000003E-05   1.0000003E-05
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
8.5252888E+00

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## NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUMT VERSION 4 SUR:

```

N= 4   M= 1   MZ= 0
MAX. TIME= 1.800000E+02   R= 1.000000E+02   EPSILON= 1.000000E+01   THETA= 1.000000E+05
OPTIONS SELECTED
      3      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
TOLERANCES
      1.000000E-03      1.000000E-03

SECOND SET OF OPTIONS
      1      1
TIME= 0.000 SECONDS
F= 1.800000E+01   P= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15
5.00000E-11      5.00000E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
3.00000E+00      3.00000E+00
TIME= 0.04 SECONDS
*****THE FEASIBLE STARTING POINT TO BE USED IS ***
F= 1.800000E+01   P= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15
5.00000E-01      5.00000E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
3.00000E+00      3.00000E+00
TIME= 0.112 SECONDS
*****
POINT= 2      0.071= 6.6344453E-07      RHO= 1.000000E+02      MAGNITUDE= 2.5042075E-02      PHASE= 2
F= 1.108596E+01   P= 6.3481406E+01      G= -4.8889140E+02      RSIGMA= 5.2372810E+01      H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15
8.2162208E-01      8.2162208E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
1.2997486E+00      1.2997486E+00
TIME= 0.112 SECONDS
*****
LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 1.1108596E+01   P= 6.3481406E+01      G= -4.8889140E+02      RSIGMA= 5.2372810E+01      H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15
1.2171046E+02      1.2171046E+02      1.2171046E+02      1.2171046E+02
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
7.6937953E+01      7.6937953E+01
TIME= 0.217 SECONDS
*****
POINT= 4      DOTT= 7.4900159E-08      RHO= 1.000000E+01      MAGNITUDE= 3.2592589E-03      PHASE= 2
F= 1.0438018E+01   P= 1.6020672E+01      G= -3.956192E+01      RSIGMA= 5.58654E+00      H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15
8.8774248E-01      8.8774248E-01      8.8774248E-01      8.8774248E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
1.0571113E+00      1.0571113E+00
TIME= 0.217 SECONDS
*****
1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.0364798E+01   P= 1.0747257E+01      G= 1.0363509E+01      RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15

```

$8.6175586E-01$        $9.6175586E-01$        $8.6175586E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $1.0295073E+00$

**LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS**  
 $F = 1.03479E+01$        $P = 1.074725E+01$        $G = 1.0363509E+01$        $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $1.168511E+01$        $1.1658511E+01$        $1.1658511E+01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $9.459417E+00$   
 TIME= .341 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*

$P0INT = 6$        $00T = 3.456549E-10$        $HMO = 1.0000000E+00$        $R51GMA = 2.0385174E-04$        $PHASE = 2$   
 $F = 8.7631835E+00$        $P = 9.9611443E+00$        $G = 3.7631835E+00$        $MAGNITUDE = 1.2009008E+00$        $H = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $9.5336740E-01$        $7.3338740E-01$        $9.53338740E-01$        $9.53338740E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $3.6420989E-01$

**2ND ORDER ESTIMATES**  
 $F = 8.5690130E+00$        $P = 9.2764891E+00$        $G = 8.5770908E+00$        $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $9.6504753E-01$        $9.504153E-01$        $9.6504753E-01$        $9.6504753E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.7473309E-01$

**1ST ORDER ESTIMATES**  
 $F = 8.580125E+00$        $P = 9.2911968E+00$        $G = 8.5770908E+00$        $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $9.640461E-01$        $9.6401461E-01$        $9.6401461E-01$        $9.6401461E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.8271333E-01$

84

**LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS**  
 $F = 8.580125E+00$        $P = 9.2911968E+00$        $G = 8.5770908E+00$        $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $1.048916E+00$        $1.488916E+00$        $1.0488916E+00$        $1.0488916E+00$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.7456695E+00$   
 TIME= .480 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*

$P0INT = 8$        $00T = 1.9350286E-08$        $HMO = 1.0000000E+01$        $R51GMA = 3.6524186E-03$        $PHASE = 2$   
 $F = 8.0969863E+00$        $P = 8.4026486E+00$        $G = 7.5969863E+00$        $MAGNITUDE = 3.0566231E-01$        $H = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $9.939662E-01$        $7.395662E-01$        $9.9395662E-01$        $9.9395662E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $4.8200967E-02$

**2ND ORDER ESTIMATES**  
 $F = 8.019014E+00$        $P = 8.214213E+00$        $G = 8.022964E+00$        $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X_{15}$        $9.9881229E-01$        $9.9881229E-01$        $9.9881229E-01$        $9.9881229E-01$   
 $9.9881229E-01$

THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
9.4960700E-03

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 8.0245899E+00$   $P = 8.2291491E+00$   $G = 8.0229644E+00$   $RSIGMA = 0.$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $1.0000801E+01$   $9.9846431E-01$   $9.9846431E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
1.2276093E-02

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
 $F = 8.0245899E+00$   $P = 8.2291491E+00$   $G = 8.0229644E+00$   $RSIGMA = 0.$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $1.0000801E+01$   $1.00060801E-01$   $1.00060801E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
2.0746472E-00  $\cdot 60.9$  SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
POINT= 10 001T= 8.601629E-09  $RHO = 1.00000000E-02$   $MAGNITUDE = 7.4404491E-03$   
 $F = 8.009960E+00$   $P = 8.0630144E+00$   $G = 7.9599600E+00$   $RSIGMA = 5.3048390E-02$   $PHASE = 2$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $9.9937732E-01$   $9.9937732E-01$   $9.9937732E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  $9.999493E-01$   $9.999493E-01$   $9.999493E-01$   
NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
4.9798896E-03

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 8.000081E+00$   $P = 8.023179E+00$   $G = 8.0002971E+00$   $RSIGMA = 0.$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $9.999493E-01$   $9.999493E-01$   $9.999493E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
4.0589271E-05

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 8.0003261E+00$   $P = 8.0252772E+00$   $G = 8.0002971E+00$   $RSIGMA = 0.$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $1.0000231E-02$   $1.0006231E-01$   $1.0006231E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
1.6303709E-04  $\cdot 73A$  SECONDS

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
 $F = 8.0003261E+00$   $P = 8.0252772E+00$   $G = 8.0002971E+00$   $RSIGMA = 0.$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $9.9993767E-01$   $9.9993767E-01$   $9.9993767E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  $9.9993767E-01$   $9.9993767E-01$   $9.9993767E-01$   
NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
\*\*\*\*\*  
POINT= 12 001T= 5.6836703E-08  $RHO = 1.00000000E-03$   $MAGNITUDE = 5.9880157E-02$   
 $F = 8.0009973E+00$   $P = 8.0086012E+00$   $G = 7.9959973E+00$   $RSIGMA = 7.6039334E-03$   $PHASE = 2$   
THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $X$  IS  $9.9993767E-01$   $9.9993767E-01$   $9.9993767E-01$   
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES

4.9861113E-04 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

?NO ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 7.9999978E+00 P= 8.00232S8E+00 G= 8.000000RE+00 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.00000001E+00  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES -1.1052083E-06

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= A.000001E+00 P= 8.002SS53E+00 G= 8.000000RE+00 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.999993E-01 9.999993E-01 9.9999993E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES S.3623128E-07 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
F= 8.0000001E+00 P= 8.002SS53E+00 G= 8.000000RE+00 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.0000623E-03 1.0000623E-03 1.0000623E-03  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES 2.00SS710E+00 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
TIME= .856 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
POINT= 14 00T= 1.881576E-07 HHO= 1.0000000E-04 MAGNITUDE= 3.6276577E-01  
F= 8.0000101E+00 P= 8.0010904E+00 G= 7.9996011E+00 RSIGMA= 9.892664ASF-04 PHASE= 2  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.999368E-01 9.9999368E-01 9.9999368E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES S.054S16E-05 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

?NO ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 8.000001E+00 P= 8.0002326E+00 G= A.000001SE+00 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.999990E-01 9.999990E-01 9.999990E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES 7.6075462E-07 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
F= 8.000001E+00 P= 8.0002SS8E+00 G= 8.000001SE+00 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.000003E-04 1.0000063E-04 1.0000063E-04  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES 7.S850918E-07 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
F= 8.000001SE+00 P= 8.0002SS8E+00 G= 8.000001SE+00 RSIGMA= 0.  
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.000003E-04 1.0000063E-04 1.0000063E-04  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES 1.9784206E+00 NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES

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***** TIME= .969 SECONDS *****
***** POINT= 16 DOTI= 4.0244536E+07 ***** POINT= 16.0244536E+07 ***** POINT= 16.0244536E+07
F= 8.0000089E+00 P= 8.0001321E+00 RHO= 1.0000000E-05 MAGNITUDE= 1.3367551E+00 PHASE= 2
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 G= 7.999959E+00 RSIGMA= 1.2327ABIF-04 H= 0.
9.999945E-01 Y= 9.999945E-01 9.999945E-01 9.999945E-01 9.999945E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
4.4265993E-06

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.999986E+00 P= 8.0000233E+00 G= 7.9999996E+00 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 H= 0.
1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-T.1241136E-07

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 1.9999986E+00 P= 8.0000251E+00 G= 7.9999986E+00 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 H= 0.
1.000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00 1.0000001E+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-6.9770213E-07

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 7.9999986E+00 P= 8.0000251E+00 G= 7.99999986E+00 RSIGMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.000006E-05 1.0000000E-05 1.0000006E-05 1.0000006E-05 H= 0.
1.000006E-05 1.0000000E-05 1.0000006E-05 1.0000006E-05
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.2590705E+00

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PROBLEM B SOLVED  
 F= 1.600000E+01 P= 0.  
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 4.000000E+00  
 4.000000E+00 4.000000E+00  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 1.200009E+01 4.0000089E+00  
 TIME= 1.900 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*THE FEASIBLE STARTING POINT TO BE USED IS \*\*\*  
 F= 1.6000000E+01 P= 0.  
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 4.000000E+00 4.000000E+00  
 4.000000E+00 4.000000E+00  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 1.200009E+01 4.0000089E+00

## PROBLEM A

TIME= 0.000 SECONDS  
 $F = 3.600000E+01$   $P = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $5.000000E-01$   $5.00000000E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.000000E+00$   
 TIME= .013 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*THE FEASIBLE STARTING POINT TO BE USED 15 \*\*\*  $G = 0.$   $R51GMA = 5.0000000E-01$   $H = 0.$

$F = 3.600000E+01$   $P = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $5.000000E-01$   $5.00000000E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.000000E+00$   
 TIME= .073 SECONDS

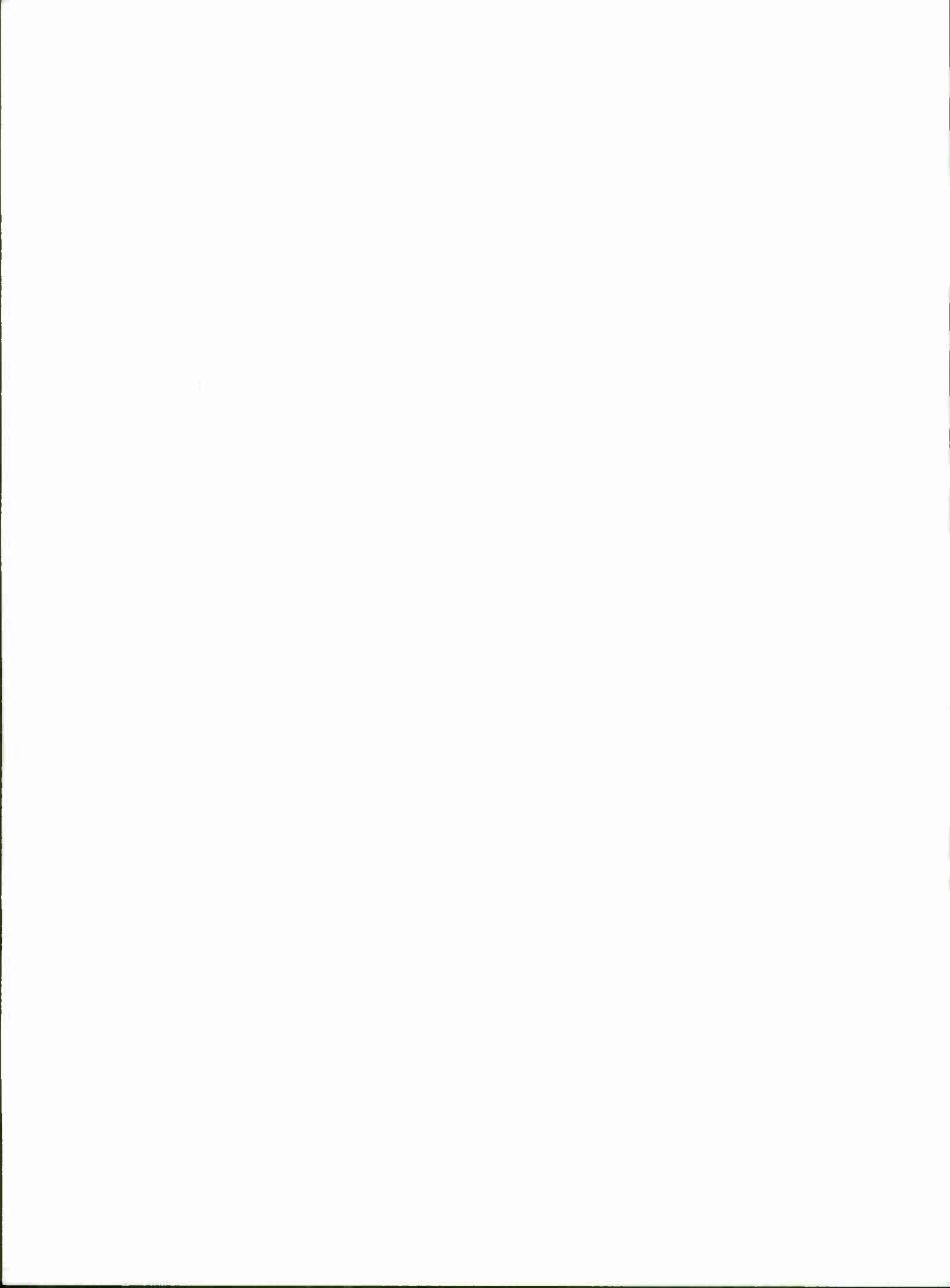
\*\*\*\*\*POINT= 2 001T= 6.489715E-07  $RHO = 1.00000000E+02$   $R51GMA = 5.0000000E-01$   $MAGNITUDE= 6.02E-02$   $H = 0.$  PHASE= 2  
 $F = 2.2995486E+01$   $P = 1.348514E+02$   $G = -4.7740451E-02$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $8.01163225E-01$   $9.01163225E-01$   $8.01163225E-01$   $8.01163225E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $7.5347099E-01$   
 TIME= .145 SECONDS

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
 $F = 2.2995486E+01$   $P = 1.348514E+02$   $G = -4.7740451E+02$   $R51GMA = 1.1178965E+02$   $H = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $1.2320851E+02$   $1.2320851E+02$   $1.2320851E+02$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $1.3271911E+02$   
 TIME= .145 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*POINT= 4 001T= 1.377895E-07  $RHO = 1.0000000F+01$   $R51GMA = 5.0772566E-03$   $MAGNITUDE= 5.0772566E-03$   $H = 0.$  PHASE= 2  
 $F = 2.0166114E+01$   $P = 3.2520721E+01$   $G = -2.9833886E+01$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $9.0773258E-01$   $9.0773258E-01$   $8.0773258E-01$   $8.0773258E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $4.9066966E-01$   
 TIME= .145 SECONDS

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
 $F = 1.994710E+01$   $P = 2.1202452E+01$   $G = 1.9896184E+01$   $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $8.843262E-01$   $9.0463262E-01$   $8.8463262E-01$   $8.0463262E-01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $4.6146952E-01$   
 TIME= .145 SECONDS

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
 $F = 1.994710E+01$   $P = 2.1202452E+01$   $G = 1.9896184E+01$   $R51GMA = 0.$   
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF  $x$  15  
 $1.1398186E+01$   $1.1398186E+01$   $1.1398186E+01$   $1.1398186E+01$   
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES  
 $2.030310E+01$   
 TIME= .145 SECONDS

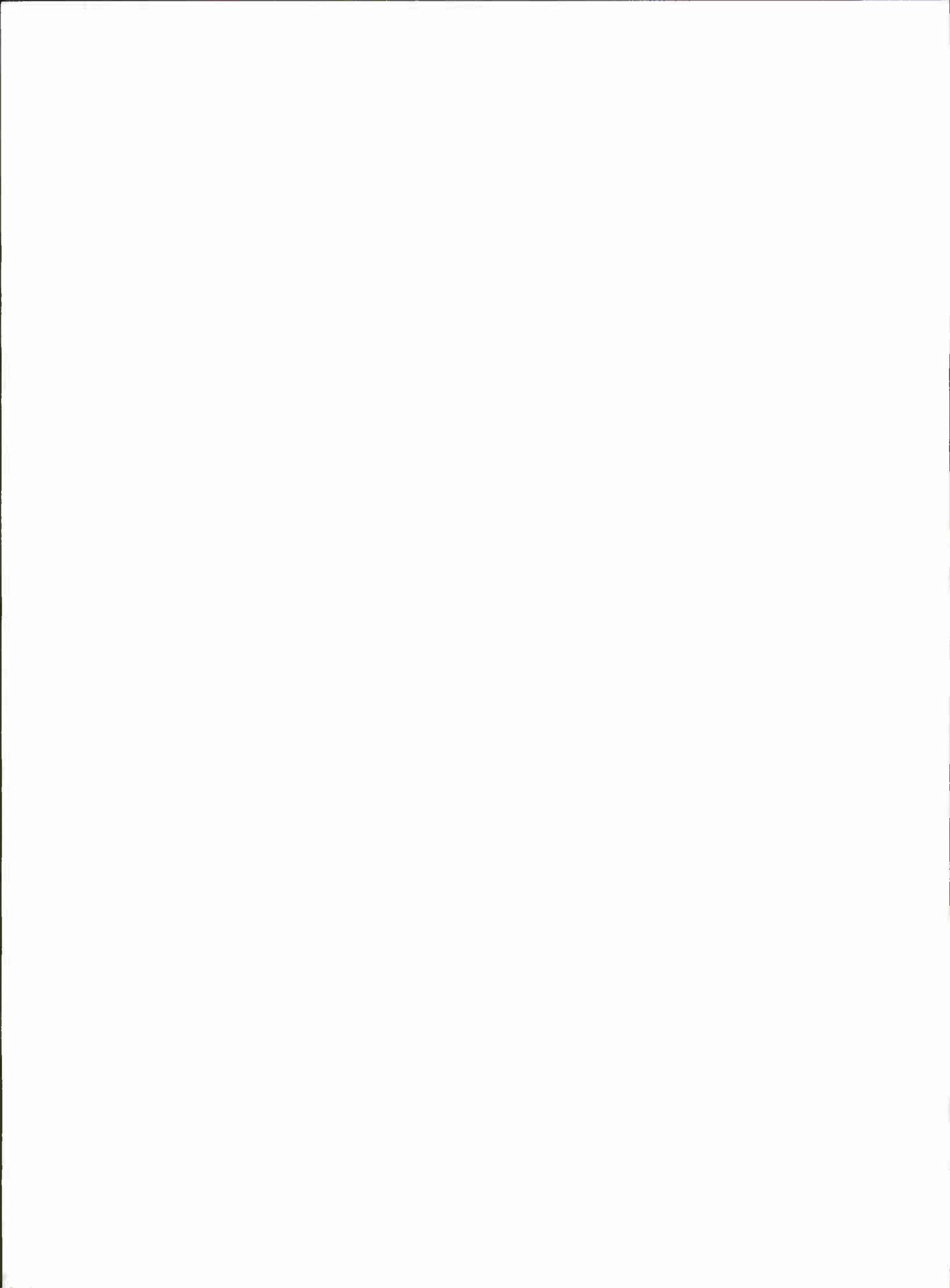


## RESULTS PRINTING OUT ALL POINTS OF OUTSIDE PROGRAM

The SUMT program is modified by changing RESTNT, and the INSUMT program is modified by changing BODYS, CONVRX, ESTIMS, FEASS, INVERX, OPTS, OUTPUX, PUNCHS, TCHECX, and TIMECS to eliminate printing of inside programs.

The user-supplied information cards are identical to those of the previous section, and are not repeated here. The printouts of the inside programs called for by their information cards are by-passed by the changes in subroutines mentioned above.

The printout of the solution prints initial information for the outside program, for Problem A, and for Problem B. From then on all of the printout pertains to the outside program. At point 17 the value of  $r$  has been reduced to 1.E-04, and the solution has been approximately attained. The program cuts off at central processor time equals 360 seconds.



Printout of Results

```

NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUMT VERSION 4 3/22/71

N= 4   M= 2   M2= 0
MAX. TIME= 3.600000E+02  R= 1.000000E+01  RATIO= 1.000000E+01  EPSILON= 1.000000E-05  THETA= 1.000000E-05

OPTIONS SELECTED
 3    1    2    1    1    1    1    1    1    1
TOLERANCE
1.000000E-03  1.000000E-03
SECOND SET OF OPTIONS
1  TIME= 3  .027 SECONDS

```

```

NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUMT VERSION 4      SUR
N= 4      M= 1      NZ= 0
MAX. TIME= 1.80000E+02   M= 1.000000F+02      RATE= 1.000000E+01      EPSILON= 1.000000F-05      THETA= 1.000000E-05

OPTIONS SELECTED
 3      1      1      1      1      1      1      2

TOLERANCES
 1.000000F-03      1.000000F-03

SECOND SFT OF OPTIONS
 1      1

```

NONLINFAIR PROGRAMMING ROUTINE-SUMT VERSION 4 SUR

N= A P= 1 47# 0  
MAX. TIME= 1.8000000E+02 R= 1.0000000F+02 RATIO= 1.0000000E+01 EPSILON= 1.0000000F-05 THETA= 1.0000000F-05

OPTIONS SELECTED  
3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1  
TOLERANCE  
1.0000000F-03 1.0000000F-03  
SECOND SET OF OPTIONS  
1 1 F= 1.6000000E+01 P= 0. G= 0. PSUMMA= 0.  
THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 H= 0.  
A= 1.0000000E+00 4.0000000F+00 4.0000000F+00  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS  
1.2000004E+01 4.0000009F+00  
TIME= .953 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*THE FEASIBLE STARTING POINT TO BE USED IS \*\*\* G= 0.  
E= 1.6000000E+01 P= 0. RSUMMA= 0.  
THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 4.0000000F+00  
A= 1.0000000E+00 4.0000000F+00  
THF CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS  
1.2000004E+01 4.0000009F+00  
TIME= 23.601 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*POINT= 1 NOTS= 3.5011227E+01 HHO= 1.0000000E+01 HSIGMA= 5.0170780E+00 PHASE= 2  
F= 5.7545151E+01 P= -1.1304499E+02 G= -2.4544497E+00 HSIGMA= -1.7059114F+07 H= 0.  
THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.4386248E+01 1.4386248E+01 1.4386248E+01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS  
5.3545256E+01 1.1171714F+01  
TIME= 35.111 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*POINT= 2 NOTS= 5.1208446E+00 HHO= 1.0000000E+01 HSIGMA= 2.2624292E+04 PHASE= 7  
F= 5.7545151E+01 P= -1.1304499E+02 G= -2.4544497E+00 HSIGMA= -1.7059114F+02 H= 0.  
THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 1.4386248E+01 1.4386248E+01 1.4386248E+01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS  
5.3545256E+01 1.1171714F+01

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
P= 5.1544145E+01 DOTT= -1.13n4499E+02 G= -2.4544497E+00 DSUMMA= -1.70591741F+02 H= 0.  
THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15 6.9513940E-01 6.9513940E-01 6.9513940E-01  
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS  
1.4674747E+01 d.9914667F-01  
TIME= 64.411 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*POINT= 3 DOTT= 3.7394380E+00 HHO= 1.0000000E+00 HSIGMA= 1.7994439F+00 PHASE= 2  
F= 7.0174447E+00 P= 3.3324111E+00 G= 1.40174487E+00 HSIGMA= -1.4753076F+01 H= 0.

```

1.951947E+00 1.451987E+00 1.951987E+00 1.951987E+00
THF CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
3.07958E+00 1.588515E+00
TIME= 80.232 SECONDS

*****+
POINT= 5.001E= 2.675422E-07 WHO= 1.000000F+00 MAGNITUDE= 5.017274E-04
F= 7.808459E+00 P= 3.3326410E+00 G= 1.804459E+00 RSIIMA= 6.475R249F+01 H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15.000E+00
1.952115E+01 1.952165E+00 1.9521165E+00 1.952115F+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
3.079476E+00 1.5887366E+00
*****+
1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 2.2924715E+00 P= 1.6263489E+01 G= 2.02074715E+00 RSIIMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15.000E+00
5.01226652F+01 5.01226652F+01 5.01226652F+01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.625722E+01 6.2943094E+01 5.07061747E+01 5.07061744F+01
TIME= 107.247 SECONDS
*****+
LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 2.2924715E+00 P= 1.6263489E+01 G= 2.02074715E+00 RSIIMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15.000E+00
5.01226652F+01 5.01226652F+01 5.01226652F+01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.625722E+01 6.2943094E+01 5.07061747E+01 5.07061744F+01
TIME= 107.247 SECONDS
*****+
POINT= 6.001E= 3.2399114E+00 WHO= 1.00000000F+01 MAGNITUDE= 1.7901744E+00
F= 4.2193837E+01 P= 4.5726697E+00 G= 3.6191747E+00 RSIIMA= 3.526R605F+01 H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15.000E+00
1.054854E+01 1.05485459F+00 1.05485459F+00 1.05485459F+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE THF NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.19385E+01 1.0812856E+01 2.191784E+01 1.0812856E+01
TIME= 124.071 SECONDS
*****+
2ND ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 3.935421E+00 P= 4.5930801E+00 G= 3.2203444H+00 RSIIMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 15.000E+00
9.5M9753E+01 2.5897552F+01 9.5M97532E+01 9.5M97521E+01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-1.649971E+01 -H.2907059F+02
*****+
1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 3.921367E+00 P= 4.7047862E+00 G= 3.0213574H+00 RSIIMA= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS

```

```

9.5509196E-01   9.5509194F-01   9.5509194E-01   9.5509194F-01
THF CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
-1.7463133E-01   -9.046653F-02

```

```

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 3.8203674E+00   P= 4.7097842E+00   G= 3.8203674E+00   RSTIM4= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.490205E-02
9.490205E-02
THF CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
4.5624932E-01   9.2H27AF-01
TIME= 152.0E1 SECONDS
*****
```

```

POINT= 4.020171E+00   DOTT= 3.2739070E+00   RHO= 1.0000000F-02   MAGNITUDE= 1.7997389F+00   PHASE= 2
F= 4.020171E+00   P= 4.1049827E+00   G= 3.460171E+00   RSTIM4= A.48116A7F-02   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.051428E+00
1.051428E+00
THF CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
2.0117462E-02   1.0050428E+00
TIME= 176.0E1 SECONDS
*****
```

```

POINT= 11.0E0   DOTT= 2.660785E-06   RHO= 1.0000000F-02   MAGNITUDE= 1.6310360F-03   PHASE= 2
F= 4.020149E+00   P= 4.1049829E+00   G= 3.960149E+00   RSTIM4= A.4A679A7F-02   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.050287E+00
1.050287E+00
THF CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
2.0115744E-02   1.0050287E+00
TIME= 176.0E1 SECONDS
*****
```

```

?NU ORIGEN ESTIMATES
F= 3.9997910E+00   P= 4.0464510E+00   G= 3.947946AE+00   RSTIM4= 0.
THF CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.999777E-01
9.999777E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
-2.0810406E-04   -1.0335564E-04
TIME= 1.30E1 SECONDS
*****
```

```

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 3.997996AE+00   P= 4.0530843E+00   G= 3.977946AE+00   RSTIM4= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.499492E-01
9.499492E-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
-2.0022656E-03   -1.0000A652F-03
TIME= 201.330 SECONDS
*****
```

```

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 3.947996AE+00   P= 4.0530843E+00   G= 3.997946AE+00   RSTIM4= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.499643E-03
9.499643E-03
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITYFS
4.9712205E+01   9.9445294E-01
TIME= 201.330 SECONDS
*****
```

```

POINT= 12.0E0   DOTT= 3.237195E+00   RHO= 1.0000000E-03   MAGNITUDE= 1.79972A7E+00   PHASE= 2
F= 4.0020147E+00   P= 4.0151190E+00   G= 3.9460147E+00   RSTIM4= A.3104221F-02   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS
```

1.0005037E+00      1.0005037F+00      1.0005037F+00  
 THF. CONSTRAINT VALUES<sup>5</sup>      NOT INCLUDING THF NON=NEGATIVITIES  
 2.0154495E-03      1.0005037E+00  
 TIME# 234.000 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
 POINT# 14      00T# 2.0000282E-04      HHO# 1.0000000E-03      PSIGMA# 1.4145417E-02      PHASE# 2  
 F# 4.0020167E+00      P# 4.0151190E+00      G# 3.9960147E+00  
 THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15      THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  
 1.0005037E+00      1.0005037F+00      1.0005037E+00      1.0005037F+00  
 APPARENTLY ROUNDOFF ERRORS PREVENT A MORE ACCURATE DETERMINATION OF THE MINIMUM OF THIS SURFACE.

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES  
 F# 4.00000239E+00      P# 4.0046497E+00      G# 4.0000036E+00      RSIGMA# 0.  
 THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15  
 1.0000060E+00      1.0000060F+00      1.0000060E+00      1.0000060F+00  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES<sup>5</sup>      NOT INCLUDING THE NON=NEGATIVITIES  
 2.4754009E-05      1.3968135E-05

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES  
 F# 4.0000036E+00      P# 4.0051341E+00      G# 4.0000036E+00      RSIGMA# 0.  
 THF CURRENT VALUE OF X 15  
 1.000004E+00      1.0000049F+00      1.0000009E+00      1.0000009E+00  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES<sup>5</sup>      NOT INCLUDING THE NON=NEGATIVITIES  
 4.421430E-06      2.9127844F-06

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS  
 F# 4.0000036E+00      P# 4.0051341E+00      G# 4.0000036E+00      RSIGMA# 0.  
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15  
 9.999650E-04      7.9949657E-04      9.9949657E-04      9.9949657F-04  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES<sup>5</sup>      NOT INCLUDING THE NON=NEGATIVITIES  
 4.9611801E-01      9.917000E-01  
 TIME# 254.394 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
 POINT# 15      00T# 3.2450944E+00      HHO# 1.0000000F+04      PSIGMA# 1.8014145E+00      PHASE# 2  
 F# 4.0001952E+00      P# 4.0019712E+00      G# 3.9999562E+00  
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15  
 1.0000491E+00      1.0000491F+00      1.0000491E+00      1.0000491F+00  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES<sup>5</sup>      NOT INCLUDING THE NON=NEGATIVITIES  
 1.9711422E-04      9.9742635F-05  
 TIME# 294.000 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*  
 POINT# 17      00T# 5.0299191E-04      HHO# 1.0000000E-04      RSIGMA# 2.7427258E-02      PHASE# 2  
 F# 4.0001900E+00      P# 4.0019714E+00      G# 3.9995900E+00  
 THE CURRENT VALUE OF X 15  
 1.000047E+00      1.000047F+00      1.0000475E+00      1.0000475F+00  
 THE CONSTRAINT VALUES<sup>5</sup>      NOT INCLUDING THE NON=NEGATIVITIES  
 1.9474354E-04      9.910256E-05

APPARENTLY ROUNDOFF ERRORS PREVENT A MORE ACCURATE DETERMINATION OF THE MINIMUM OF THIS SURFACE.

2ND ORDER ESTIMATES

```

F = 3.9994970E+00   P= 4.0004638E+00   G= 3.9999472E+00   RST;MA= 0.   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.99967E-01   9.9999676E-01   9.9999476F-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-1.296163E-05   -5.3554933E-06

1ST ORDER ESTIMATES
F= 3.9994972E+00   P= 4.0005105E+00   G= 3.9999472E+00   HS1(GMA= 0.   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.99968E-01   9.9999680E-01   9.9999480F-01
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
-1.1430379E-05   -5.273059F-06

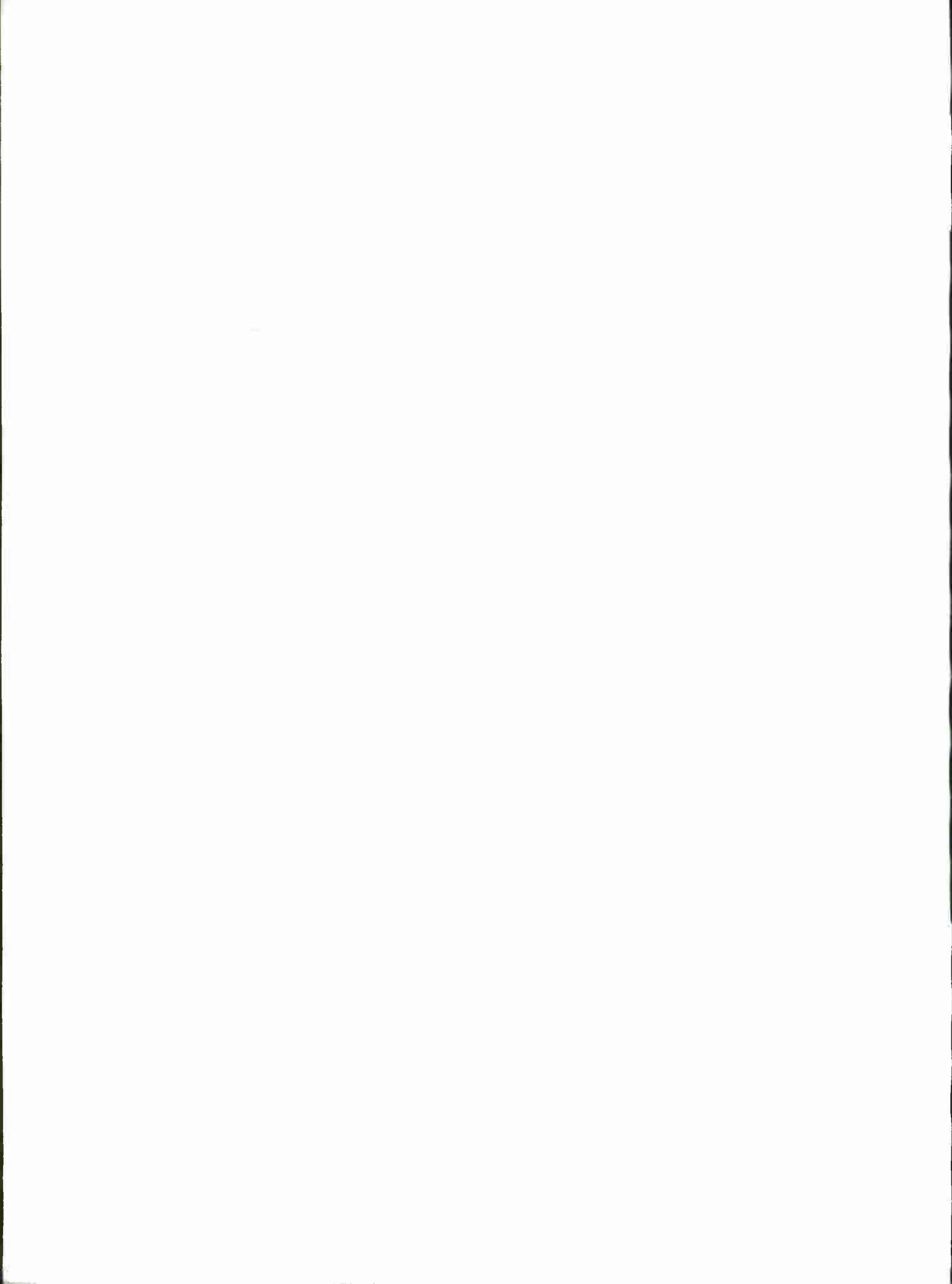
LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS
F= 3.9994972E+00   P= 4.0005105E+00   G= 3.9999472E+00   HS1(GMA= 0.   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 9.999520F-05   9.9995252E-05   9.9995252F-05
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
5.200164U-01   1.040554F+00
TIME= 315.442  SEC(ON)S
*****  

P0LN1= 1.0  U0TT= 3.208130E+00   HMO= 1.00007000E-05   MAGNITUDE= 1.7011756F+00   PHASE= 7
P= 4.0000197E+00   D= 4.0002419E+00   G= 3.9999547E+00   HS1(GMA= 2.2209197E-06   H= 0.
THE CURRENT VALUE OF X IS 1.0000097E+00   1.0000049F+00   1.0000049F+00
THE CONSTRAINT VALUES  NOT INCLUDING THE NON-NEGATIVITIES
2.0593770E-05   1.044A132F-05

```

## REFERENCES

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UNCLASSIFIED

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13. ABSTRACT This paper documents a computer program to be used in solving nonlinear programming problems with nonlinear programming problems in the constraints. The program, named INSUMT, is used with the standard program, named SUMT, which implements the sequential un- constrained minimization technique for nonlinear programming. SUMT calls INSUMT when it is necessary to solve a nonlinear program in a constraint. The INSUMT program, together with a fairly complete example of its use, is included in the documentation.  Theory and applications of the models which can be solved using this program are treated in two companion papers.			

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Security Classification

14 KEY WORDS	LINK A		LINK B		LINK C	
	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT
OPTIMIZATION						
NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING						
MAX-MIN						
TWO-SIDED OPTIMIZATION						
GAME THEORY						
SUMT						
INSUMT						
COMPUTER PROGRAM						
ALGORITHM						

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